



Vane pumps Single & triple T6*R industrial and mobile applications



Publ. 1 - EN0702 - C

07 / 2004 / FB

Replaces : 1 - EN0702 - B

L13 - 10702 - 3



GENERAL	Features	3
	Instructions	3
	Minimum & maximum speeds	4
	Pressure ratings	4
	Priming at starting.....	4
	Minimum allowable inlet pressure	5
	General characteristics.....	5
	Pump selection : Routine and example	6
	Intermittent pressure rating.....	6
INDUSTRIAL VERSION T6*R GENERAL	Description.....	7
	Application advantages.....	7
	Shafts and hydraulic fluids	8
T6CR	Ordering code & Technical data.....	10
	Dimensions & Operating characteristics	11
T6DR	Ordering code & Technical data.....	12
	Dimensions & Operating characteristics	13
T6ER	Ordering code & Technical data.....	14
	Dimensions & Operating characteristics	15
T6DCCR	Ordering code & Operating characteristics	16
	Technical data	17
	Dimensions	18
	Porting diagrams.....	22 - 23
T6EDCR	Ordering code & Operating characteristics	20
	Technical data.....	21
	Dimensions	19
	Porting diagrams.....	22 - 23
MOBILE VERSION T6*RM GENERAL	Description.....	24
	Application advantages.....	24
	Shafts and hydraulic fluids	25
T6CRM	Ordering code & Technical data.....	26
	Dimensions & Operating characteristics	27
T6DRM	Ordering code & Technical data.....	28
	Dimensions & Operating characteristics	29
T6ERM	Ordering code & Technical data.....	30
	Dimensions & Operating characteristics	31
	Ordering code	32
	Porting definition VV	32
	Porting definition VP, VH & VG	33
	Adaptator & coupling selection.....	34
	Example.....	34



GREATER FLOW	Greater flow for the envelope size is achieved by increased displacement cam rings : at high permissible speeds with atmospheric inlet C → 3 to 31 GPM, 10 to 100 ml/rev. D → 14 to 50 GPM, 48 to 158 ml/rev. E → 42 to 72 GPM, 132 to 227 ml/rev.
HIGHER PRESSURE	Pressure ratings up to 275 bar, which allows to reduce the size and cost of the actuators, valves and lines.
BETTER EFFICIENCY	Better efficiency under load which increases the productivity and reduces the heating and operating costs.
MOUNTING FLEXIBILITY	Simple pumps : 4 positions + 4 on rear drive. Triple pumps : 128 positions + 2 on rear drive.
REAR DRIVE	Mounting pads and couplings are fully conformable to SAE J744c and ISO 3019-1. Simple pumps SAE A/B/C rear adaptors. SAE A/B/BB/C couplings Triple pumps SAE A adaptor and coupling.
LOWER NOISE LEVELS	Increase the operator's safety and acceptance.
COMPLETE CONFORMITY	To SAE - J744c 2-bolt standards and to ISO 3019-1 in the various keyed and splined shaft options offered.
CARTRIDGE DESIGN	Provides for drop-in assemblies. This design permits an easy conversion or renewal of serviceable elements in minutes at minimum expense and risk of contamination. Pump rotation is easy to change by changing the position of the cam ring on the port plate dowel pin hole.
WIDER RANGE OF ACCEPTABLE VISCOSITIES	Viscosities from 860 to 10 cSt, (2000 to 10 cSt for Mobile), permit colder starts and hotter running. The balanced design compensates for wear and temperature changes. At high viscosity or cold temperature, the rotor to side plates gap is well lubricated and improves the mechanical efficiency.
FIRE RESISTANT FLUIDS	Including phosphate esters, chlorinated hydrocarbons, water glycols and invert emulsions. They may be pumped at higher pressures and with longer service life by these pumps.
GENERAL APPLICATIONS INSTRUCTIONS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the speed range, pressure, temperature, fluid quality, viscosity and pump rotation. 2. Check the inlet conditions of the pump, if it can accept application requirement. 3. Type of shaft : check if it can support the system's operating torque. 4. Coupling must be chosen to minimize the pump shaft load (weight, misalignment). 5. Filtration : must be adequate for lowest contamination level. 6. Environment of pump : to avoid the noise reflection, pollution and shocks.

MINIMUM & MAXIMUM SPEEDS PRESSURE RATINGS - T6*R SERIES INDUSTRIAL & MOBILE APPLICATIONS

Size	Series	Theoretical Displacement Vi ml/rev.	Minimum Speed RPM	Maximum Speed		Maximum Pressure					
				HF-0, HF-1 HF-2	HF-3, HF-4 HF-5	HF-0, HF-2		HF-1, HF-4, HF-5		HF-3	
				RPM	RPM	Int. bar	Cont. bar	Int. bar	Cont. bar	Int. bar	Cont. bar
CR CRM	*03	10,8	600 / 400	2800	1800	275	240	210	175	175	140
	*05	17,2									
	*06	21,3									
	*08	26,4									
	*10	34,1									
	*12	37,1									
	*14	46,0									
	*17	58,3									
	*20	63,8									
	*22	70,3									
	*25	79,3									
	*28	88,8									
*31	100,0										
DR DRM	*14	47,6	600 / 400	2500	1800	240	210	210	175	175	140
	*17	58,2									
	*20	66,0									
	*24	79,5									
	*28	89,7									
	*31	98,3									
	*35	111,0									
	*38	120,3									
	*42	136,0									
	*45	145,7									
	*50	158,0									
ER ERM	042	132,3	600 / 400	2200	1800	240	210	210	175	175	140
	045	142,4									
	050	158,5									
	052	164,8									
	062	196,7									
	066	213,3									
	072	227,1									
T6DCCR	Same as	600	Same as		Same as						
P1	T6DR		T6DR		T6DR						
P2	T6CR		T6DR		T6CR						
P3	T6CR		T6DR		T6CR						
T6EDCR	Same as	600	Same as		Same as						
P1	T6ER		T6ER		T6ER						
P2	T6DR		T6ER		T6DR						
P3	T6CR		T6ER		T6CR						

* = 0 : Industrial version
 * = B : Mobile version

HF-0, HF2 = Antiwear Petroleum Base
 HF-1 = Non Antiwear Petroleum Base
 HF-5 = Synthetic Fluids
 HF-3 = Water in oil Emulsions
 HF-4 = Water Glycols

For further information or if the performance characteristics outlined above do not meet your own particular requirements, please consult your local DENISON Hydraulics office.

PRIMING AT STARTING

When the pump is set into operation for the first time, it must be primed at the lowest possible speed and pressure. When a pressure relief valve is used at the outlet, it should be backed off to minimize return pressure.
 When possible, an air bleed off should be provided in the circuit to facilitate purging of system air.
 Never operate the pump at maximum speed and pressure without making sure that the pump priming is completed and that the fluid is correctly deaerated (no aeration).

MINIMUM ALLOWABLE INLET PRESSURE (BAR ABSOLUTE) - T6*R SERIES INDUSTRIAL & MOBILE APPLICA-

Cartridge		Speed RPM								Displacement
Size	Displacement	1200	1500	1800	2100	2200	2300	2500	2800	
C	*03	0,80	0,80	0,80	0,80	0,80	0,80	0,80	1,00	*03
	*05									*05
	*06									*06
	*08									*08
	*10									*10
	*12									*12
	*14									*14
	*17									*17
	*20									*20
	*22									*22
	*25									*25
	*28									*28
*31	*31									
D	*14	0,80	0,80	0,80	0,80	0,80	0,88	0,95	1,00	*14
	*17									*17
	*20									*20
	*24									*24
	*28									*28
	*31									*31
	*35									*35
	*38									*38
	*42									*42
	*45									*45
*50	*50									
E	042	0,80	0,80	0,80	0,90	0,90	1,00	1,00	1,00	042
	045									045
	050									050
	052									052
	062									062
	066									066
	072									072

Inlet pressure is measured at inlet flange with petroleum base fluids at a viscosity between 10 and 65 cSt. The difference between inlet pressure at the pump flange and atmospheric pressure must not exceed 0,2 bar to prevent aeration.

Multiply absolute pressure by 1,25 for HF-3, HF-4 fluids.
 by 1,35 for HF-5 fluid.
 by 1,10 for ester or rapeseed base.

Use highest cartridge absolute pressure for triple pumps.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

	Mounting standard	Weight without connector and bracket - kg	Moment of inertia $\text{km}^2 \times 10^{-4}$	SAE 4 bolts J518c - ISO/DIS 6162-1			
				Suction	Pressure		
T6CR/ T6CRM	SAE J744c ISO/3019-1 SAE B	17,1	7,6	1"1/2	1"		
T6DR/ T6DRM	SAE J744c ISO/3019-1 SAE C	29,0	23,4	2"	1"1/4		
T6ER/ T6ERM		39,2	51,6	3"	1"1/2		
T6DCCR		62,0	37,4	4"	P1	P2	P3
T6EDCR	250 B4HW ISO/3019-2	100,0	80,3	4"	1"1/2	1"1/4	1" or 3/4"

CALCULATION

To resolve

Volumetric displacement V_i [ml/rev.]
 Available flow q_v [l/min]
 Input power P [kW]

Performances required

Requested flow q_v [l/min] 60
 Speed n [R.P.M.] 1500
 Pressure p [bar] 150

ROUTINE AND EXAMPLE

Routine :

Example :

1. First calculation $V_i = \frac{1000 Q}{n}$

$V_i = \frac{1000 \times 60}{1500} = 40$ ml/rev.

2. Choose V_i of pump immediately greater (see tabulation)

T6CR 014 $V_i = 46$ ml/rev.

3. Theoretical flow of this pump
 $q_{v_i} = \frac{V_i \times n}{1000}$

$q_{v_i} = \frac{46 \times 1500}{1000} = 69$ l/min

4. Find q_{v_s} leakage function of pressure $q_{v_s} = f(p)$ on curve at 10 or 24 cSt

T6CR (page 10) : $q_{v_s} = 5$ l/min at 150 bar, 24 cSt

5. Available flow $q_{v_e} = q_{v_i} - q_{v_s}$

$q_{v_e} = 69 - 5 = 64$ l/min

6. Theoretical input power
 $P_i = \frac{q_{v_i} \times p}{600}$

$P_i = \frac{69 \times 150}{600} = 17,3$ kW

7. Find p_s hydrodynamic power loss on curve

T6CR (page 10) : P_s at 1500 R.P.M., 150 bar = 1,5 kW

8. Calculation of necessary input power $P = P_i + P_s$

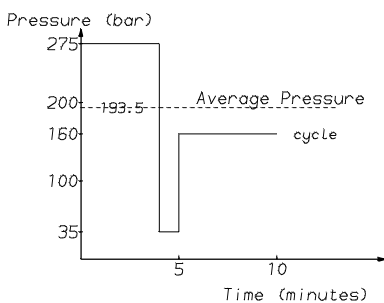
$P = 17,3 + 1,5 = 18,8$ kW

9. Results

$V_i = 46,0$ ml/rev
 $q_{v_e} = 64,0$ l/min
 $P = 18,8$ kW } T6CR 014

These calculation steps must be followed for each application.

INTERMITTENT PRESSURE RATING



T6 units may be operated intermittently at pressures higher than the recommended continuous rating when the time weighted average of pressure is less than or equal to the continuous duty pressure rating.

This intermittent pressure rating calculation is only valid if other parameters : speed, fluid, viscosity and contamination level are respected.

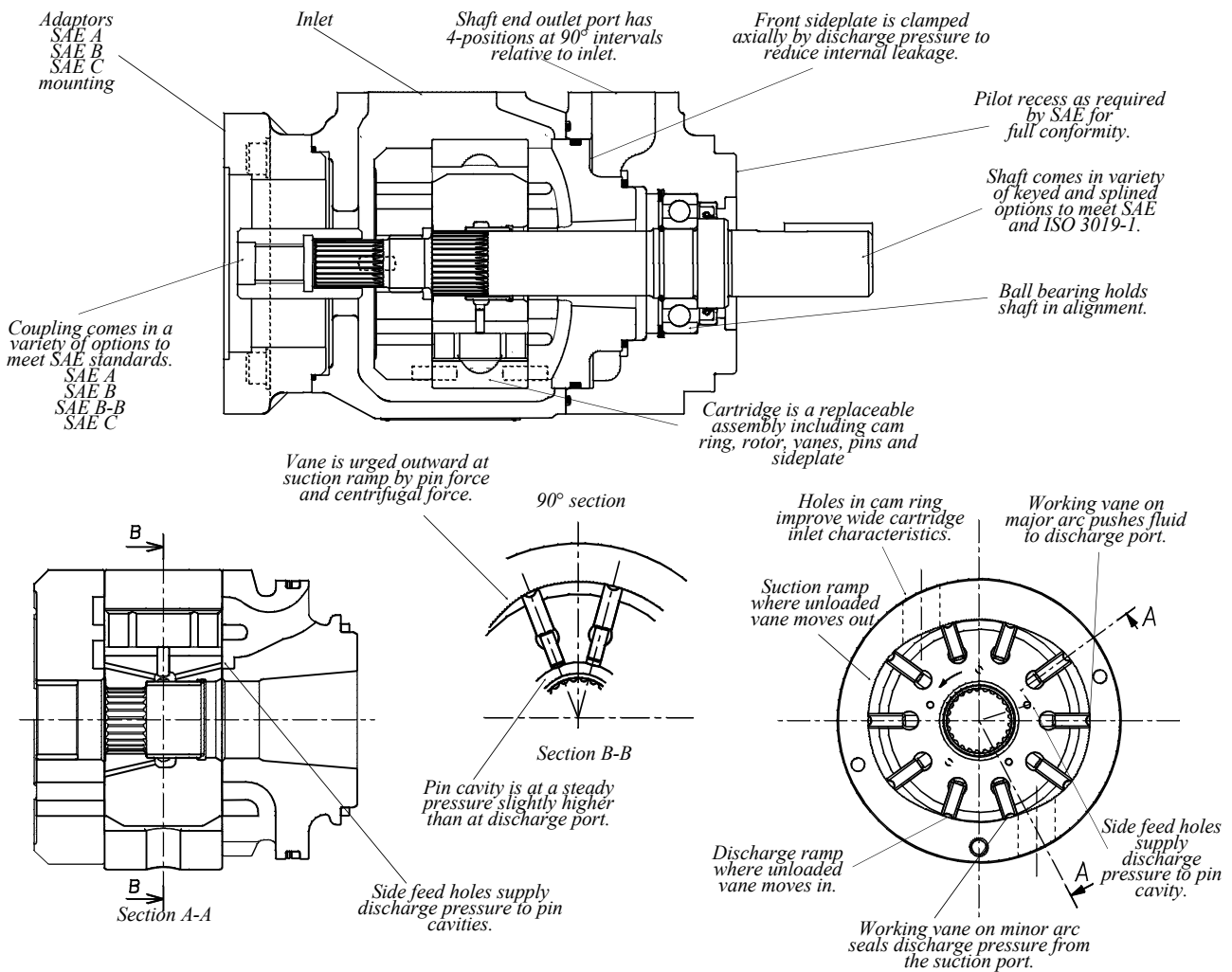
For total cycle time higher than 15 minutes, please consult your DENISON Hydraulics representative.

Example : T6CR - 014
 Duty cycle 4 min. at 275 bar
 1 min. at 35 bar
 5 min. at 160 bar

$\frac{(4 \times 275) + (1 \times 35) + (5 \times 160)}{10} = 193,5$ bar

193,5 bar is lower than 240 bar allowed as continuous pressure for T6CR - 014 with HF-0 fluid.

DESCRIPTION - T6*R SERIES INDUSTRIAL APPLICATION



APPLICATION ADVANTAGES

- The high pressure capability up to 275 bar, in the small envelope, reduces the installation costs and provides an extended life at reduced pressure.
- The high volumetric efficiency, typically 94%, reduces the heat generation, and allows speeds down to 600 RPM at full pressure.
- The high mechanical efficiency, typically 94%, reduces the energy consumption.
- The wide speed range from 600 RPM to 2800 RPM, combined with large size cartridge displacements, will optimize operation for the lowest noise level in the smallest envelope.
- Operating the pump at a high viscosity (up to 860 cSt) and/or at low speed (down to 600 RPM) allows applications in cold environments with minimum energy consumption and without seizure risk.
- The low ripple pressure ± 2 bar reduces the piping noise and increases the life time of other components in the circuit.
- The high resistance to particle contamination because of the double lip vane increases the pump life.
- The large variety of options (cam displacement, shaft, porting) allows customized installation.

RECOMMENDED FLUIDS

Petroleum based antiwear R & O fluids.
 These fluids are the recommended fluids for T6 series pumps. Maximum catalog ratings and performance data are based on operation with these fluids. These fluids are covered by DENISON Hydraulics HF-0 and HF-2 specification.

ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE FLUIDS

The use of fluids other than petroleum based antiwear R & O fluids requires that the maximum ratings of the pumps will be reduced. In some cases the minimum replenishment pressures must be increased. Consult specific sections for more details.

VISCOSITY

Max. (cold start, low speed & pressure)	_____	860 mm ² /s (cSt)
Max. (full speed & pressure)	_____	108 mm ² /s (cSt)
Optimum (max. life)	_____	30 mm ² /s (cSt)
Min. (full speed & pressure for HF-1, HF-3, HF-4 & HF-5 fluids)	_____	18 mm ² /s (cSt)
Min. (full speed & pressure for HF-0 & HF-2 fluids)	_____	10 mm ² /s (cSt)

VISCOSITY INDEX

90° min. higher values extend the range of operating temperatures.

Maximum fluid temperature (θ) °K

HF-0, HF-1, HF-2	_____	373 (+ 100° C)
HF-3, HF-4	_____	323 (+ 50° C)
HF-5	_____	343 (+ 70° C)
Biodegradable fluids (esters & rapeseed base)	_____	338 (+ 65° C)

Minimum fluid temperature (θ) °K

HF-0, HF-1, HF-2, HF-5	_____	255 (- 18° C)
HF-3, HF-4	_____	283 (+ 10° C)
Biodegradable fluids (esters & rapeseed base)	_____	253 (- 20° C)

FLUID CLEANLINESS

The fluid must be cleaned before and during operation to maintain the contamination level of NAS 1638 class 8 (or ISO 18/14) or better. Filters with 25 micron (or better, β10 ≥ 100) nominal ratings may be adequate but do not guarantee the required cleanliness levels.

Suction strainers must be of adequate size to provide the minimum inlet pressure specified. 100 mesh (149 micron) is the finest mesh recommended. Use oversize strainers or omit them altogether on applications which require cold starts or use fire resistant fluids.

OPERATING TEMPERATURES AND VISCOSITIES

Operating temperatures are a function of fluid viscosities, fluid type, and the pump. Fluid viscosity should be selected to provide the optimum viscosity at normal operating temperatures. For cold starts, the pumps should be operated at low speed and pressure until the fluid warms up to an acceptable viscosity for full power operation.

WATER CONTAMINATION IN THE FLUID

Maximum acceptable content of water.

ù 0,10 % for mineral base fluids.

ù 0,05 % for synthetic fluids, crankcase oils, biodegradable fluids.

If amount of water is higher, then it should be drained off the circuit.

COUPLINGS AND FEMALE SPLINES

- The mating female spline should be free to float and find its own center. If both members are rigidly supported, they must be aligned within 0,15 TIR or less to reduce fretting. The angular alignment of two spline axes must be less than ± 0,05 per 25,4 radius.
- The coupling spline must be lubricated with a lithium molydisulfide grease or a similar lubricant.
- The coupling must be hardened to a hardness between 27 and 45 R.C.
- The female spline must be made to conform to the Class 1 fit as described in SAE-J498b (1971). This is described as a Flat Root Side Fit.

KEYED SHAFTS

DENISON Hydraulics supplies the T6 series keyed shaft pumps with high strength heat-treated keys. Therefore, when installing or replacing these pumps, the heat-treated keys must be used in order to insure maximum life in the application. If the key is replaced, it must be a heat-treated key between 27 and 34 R.C. hardness. The corners of the keys must be chamfered from 0,76 to 1,02 at 45° to clear the radii in the key way.

NOTE

The alignment of keyed shafts must be within the tolerances given for splined shafts.

SHAFT LOADS

These products are primarily designed for coaxial drives which do not impose axial or side loading on the shaft. Consult specific sections for more details.

Model No.

T6CR - 022 - 1 R 00 - A 1 0 - A 1 ..

Series

Cam ring

(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)

003 = 16,2 l/min	017 = 87,4 l/min
005 = 25,8 l/min	020 = 95,7 l/min
006 = 31,9 l/min	022 = 105,4 l/min
008 = 39,6 l/min	025 = 118,9 l/min
010 = 51,1 l/min	028 = 133,2 l/min
012 = 55,6 l/min	031 = 150,0 l/min
014 = 69,0 l/min	

Type of shaft

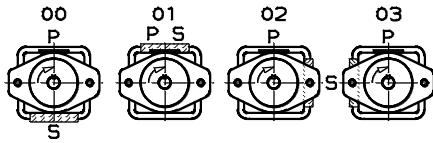
1 = keyed (SAE BB)	4 = splined (SAE BB)
2 = keyed (non SAE)	5 = keyed (non SAE)
3 = splined (SAE B)	

Direct. of rotation (view on shaft end)

R = clockwise
L = counter-clockwise

Porting combination

00 = standard



Modification

Seal class

1 = S1 (for mineral oil)
4 = S4 (for the resistant fluids)
5 = S5 (for mineral oil and fire resistant fluids)

Design letter

Porting adaptor

Coupling

1 = SAE A
2 = SAE B
3 = SAE BB

4 = SAE C

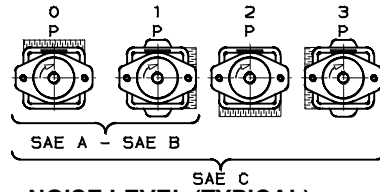
5 = SAE J498b
16/32 - 11 teeth

Adaptor

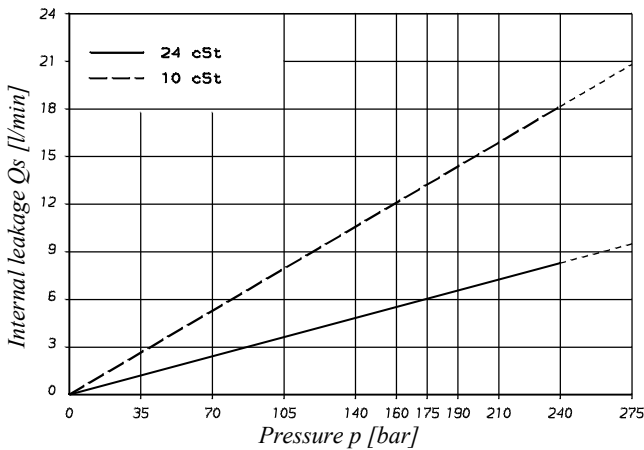
0 = None
A = SAE A

B = SAE B
C = SAE C

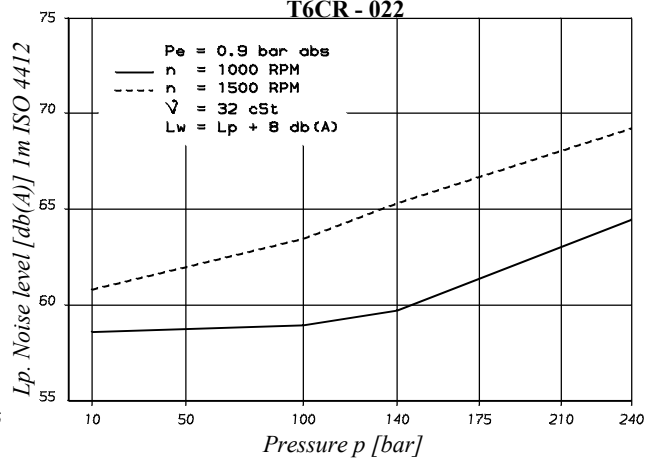
Porting adaptor



INTERNAL LEAKAGE (TYPICAL)

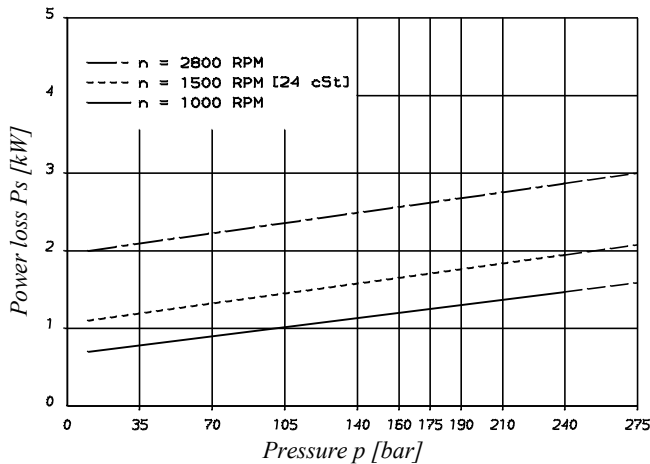


NOISE LEVEL (TYPICAL)

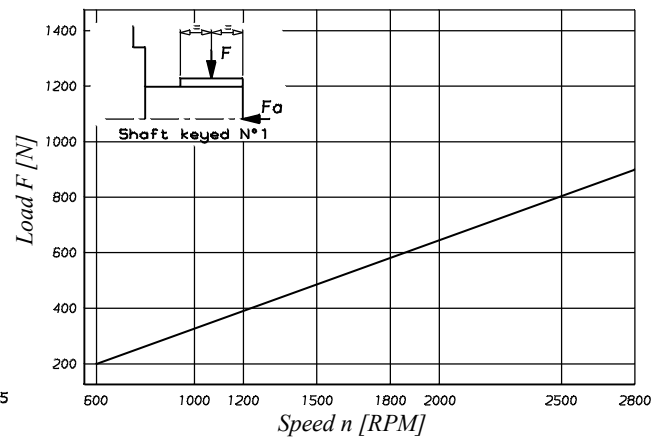


Do not operate the pump more than 5 seconds at any speed or viscosity if internal leakage is more than 50% of theoretical flow.

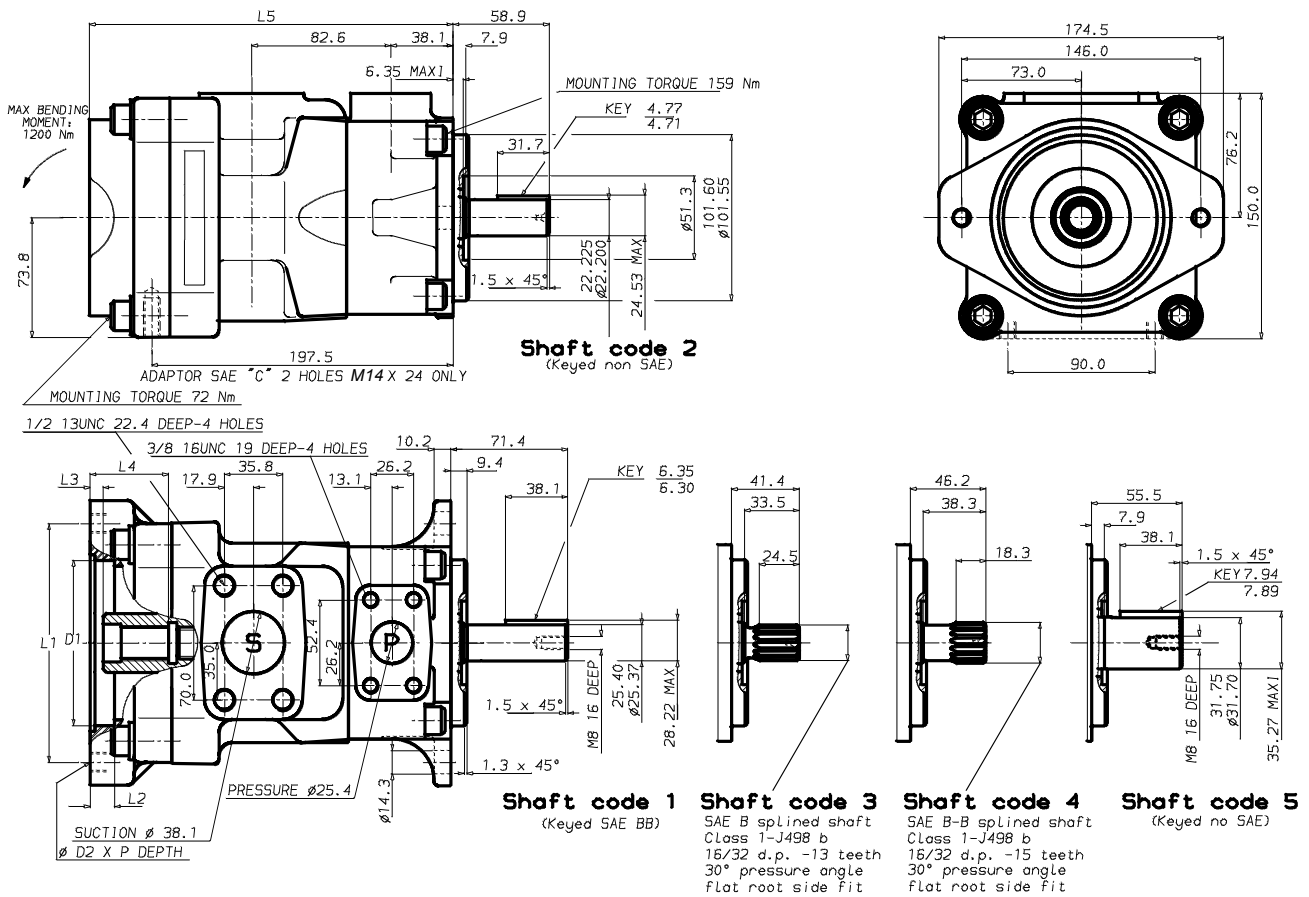
POWER LOSS HYDROMECHANICAL (TYPICAL)



PERMISSIBLE RADIAL LOAD



Maximum permissible axial load Fa = 800 N



Adaptor	D1	D2	P	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
SAE A	82,65/82,60	M10	24	106,4	11,0	8,0	32,0	209,0
SAE B	101,70/101,65	M12	28	146,0	16,0	8,0	46,0	223,0
SAE C	127,10/127,05	M16	-	181,0	16,0	8,0	56,0	233,0

Adaptor	SAE A			SAE B		SAE C
	SAE A	SAE 11 teeth	SAE B	SAE B	SAE BB	SAE C
Coupling drive	SAE A	SAE 11 teeth	SAE B	SAE B	SAE BB	SAE C
Number of teeth	9	11	13	13	15	14
Pitch	16/32	16/32	16/32	16/32	16/32	12/24
Pressure angle	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°
Major dia. (min)	15,875	19,05	22,225	22,225	25,400	31,750
Minor dia. (min)	12,700	16,017	19,134	19,134	22,268	27,589

Shaft torque limits [ml/rev x bar]			
Shaft	V x p max.	Coupling drive	V x p max.
1	21420	SAE A	11000
2	14300	SAE B	20600
3	20600	SAE BB	22050
4	32670	SAE C	22050
5	34180	SAE - 11 teeth	15850

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [24 cSt]

Series	Volumetric Displacement Vp	Flow Q [l/min] & n = 1500 RPM			Input power P [kW] & n = 1500 RPM		
		p = 0 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar	p = 7 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar
003	10,8 ml/rev	16,2	11,2	7,7	1,3	5,3	8,4
005	17,2 ml/rev	25,8	20,8	17,3	1,4	7,5	12,2
006	21,3 ml/rev	31,9	26,9	23,4	1,5	8,9	14,7
008	26,4 ml/rev	39,6	34,6	31,1	1,6	10,7	17,7
010	34,1 ml/rev	51,1	46,1	42,6	1,7	13,4	22,3
012	37,1 ml/rev	55,6	50,6	47,1	1,7	14,4	24,1
014	46,0 ml/rev	69,0	64,0	60,5	1,9	17,6	29,5
017	58,3 ml/rev	87,4	82,4	78,9	2,1	21,9	36,9
020	63,8 ml/rev	95,7	90,7	87,2	2,2	23,8	40,2
022	70,3 ml/rev	105,4	100,4	96,9	2,3	26,1	44,1
025 ¹⁾	79,3 ml/rev	118,9	113,9	110,4	2,5	29,2	49,5
028 ¹⁾	88,8 ml/rev	133,2	128,2	125,8 ²⁾	2,8	32,7	48,5 ²⁾
031 ¹⁾	100,0 ml/rev	150,0	145,0	142,6 ²⁾	2,8	36,5	54,4 ²⁾

1) 025 - 028 - 031 = 2500 R.P.M. max. 2) 028 - 031 = 210 bar max. int. Port connection can be furnished with metric threads.

Model No.

T6DR - 045 - 1 R 00 - A 1 0 - A 1 ..

Series

Cam ring

(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)

014 = 71,4 l/min 035 = 166,5 l/min
 017 = 87,3 l/min 038 = 180,4 l/min
 020 = 99,0 l/min 042 = 204,0 l/min
 024 = 119,3 l/min 045 = 218,5 l/min
 028 = 134,5 l/min 050 = 237,0 l/min
 031 = 147,4 l/min

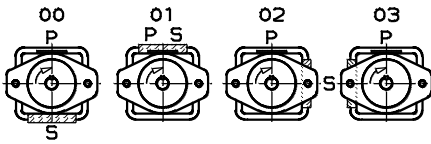
Type of shaft

1 = keyed (SAE C)
 2 = keyed (SAE CC)
 3 = splined (SAE C)
 5 = keyed (non SAE)

Direct. of rotation (view on shaft end)

R = clockwise
 L = counter-clockwise

Porting combination



Modification

Seal class

1 = S1 (for mineral oil)
 4 = S4 (for the resistant fluids)
 5 = S5 (for mineral oil and fire resistant fluids)

Design letter

Porting adaptor

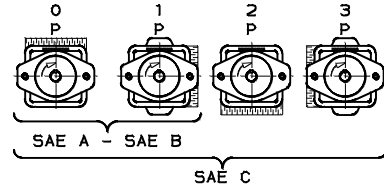
Coupling

1 = SAE A 4 = SAE C
 2 = SAE B 5 = SAE J498b
 3 = SAE BB 16/32 - 11 teeth

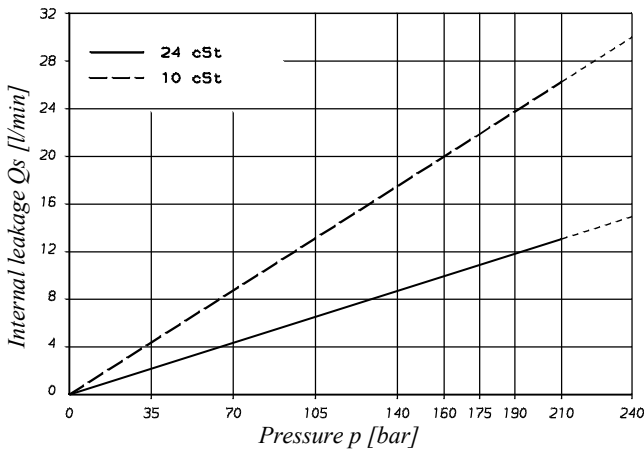
Adaptor

0 = None B = SAE B
 A = SAE A C = SAE C

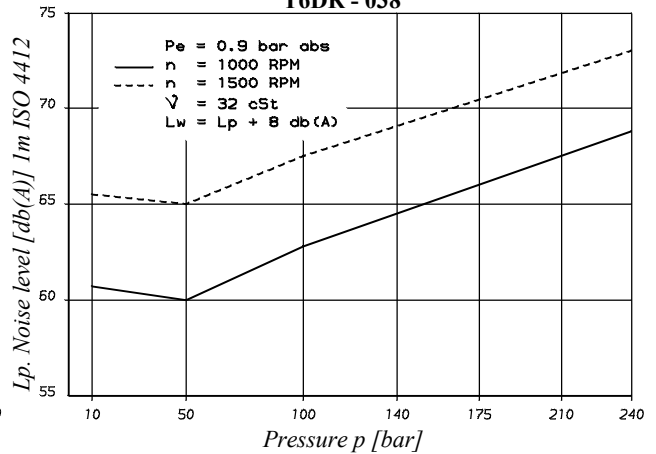
Porting adaptor



INTERNAL LEAKAGE (TYPICAL)

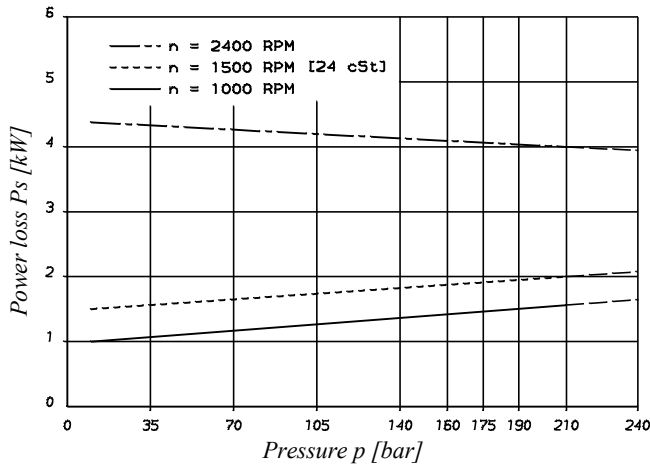


NOISE LEVEL (TYPICAL)
T6DR - 038

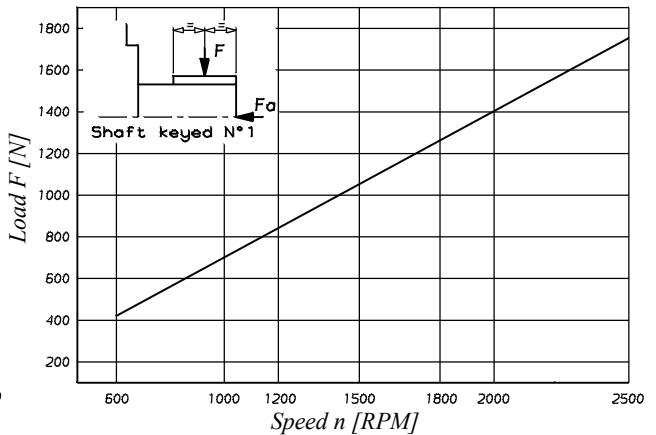


Do not operate the pump more than 5 seconds at any speed or viscosity if internal leakage is more than 50% of theoretical flow.

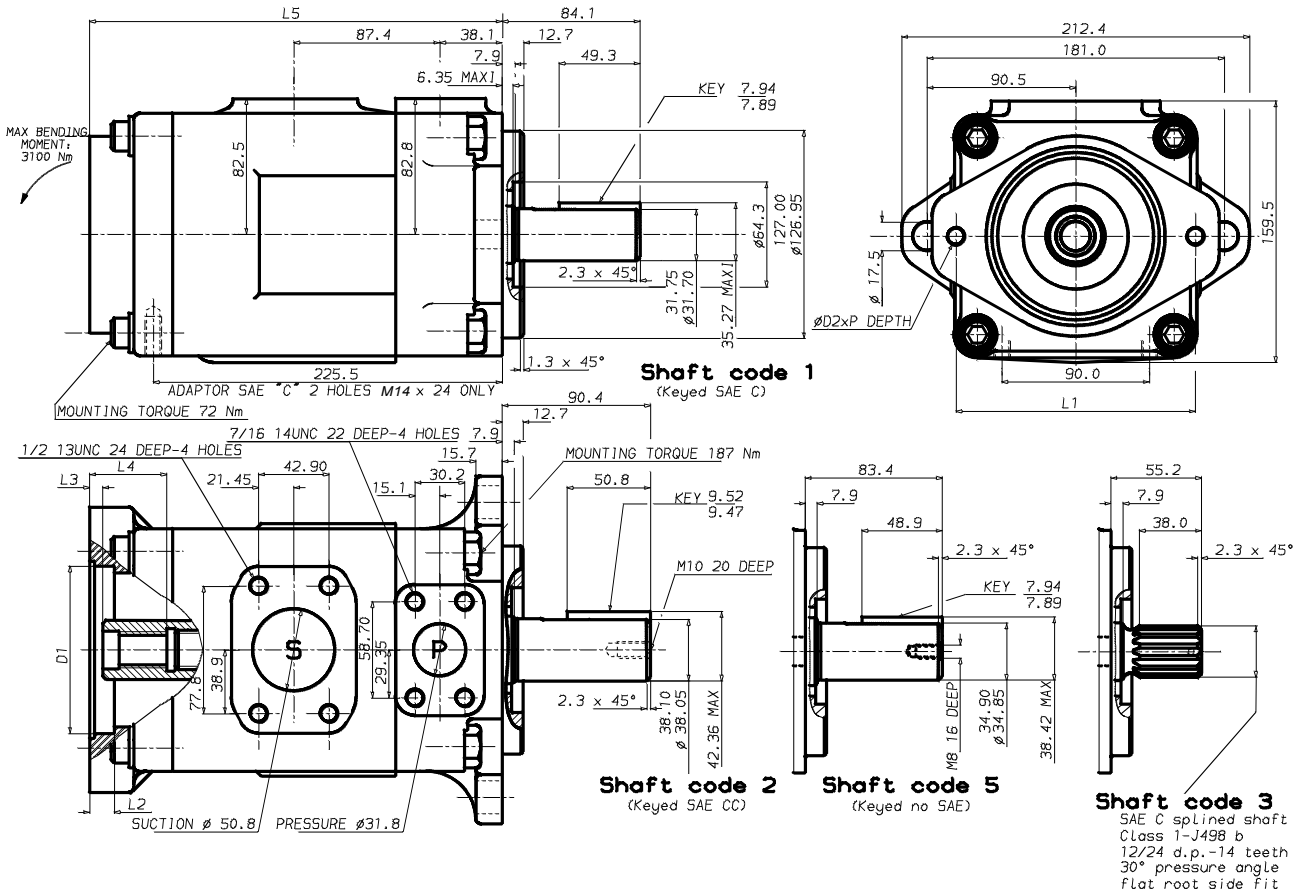
POWER LOSS HYDROMECHANICAL (TYPICAL)



PERMISSIBLE RADIAL LOAD



Maximum permissible axial load Fa = 1200 N



Adaptor	D1	D2	P	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
SAE A	82,65/82,60	M10	24	106,4	11,0	8,0	32,0	237,0
SAE B	101,70/101,65	M12	28	146,0	16,0	8,0	46,0	251,0
SAE C	127,10/127,05	M16	-	181,0	16,0	8,0	56,0	261,0

Adaptor	SAE A		SAE B			SAE C
Coupling drive	SAE A	SAE 11 teeth	SAE B	SAE B	SAE BB	SAE C
Number of teeth	9	11	13	13	15	14
Pitch	16/32	16/32	16/32	16/32	16/32	12/24
Pressure angle	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°
Major dia. (min)	15,875	19,05	22,225	22,225	25,400	31,750
Minor dia. (min)	12,700	16,017	19,134	19,134	22,268	27,589

Shaft torque limits [ml/rev x bar]			
Shaft	V x p max.	Coupling drive	V x p max.
1	43240	SAE A	11000
2	66036	SAE B	20600
3	61200	SAE BB	32670
5	55600	SAE C	37390
		SAE - 11 teeth	15850

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [24 cSt]

Series	Volumetric Displacement Vp	Flow Q [l/min] & n = 1500 RPM			Input power P [kW] & n = 1500 RPM		
		p = 0 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar	p = 7 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar
014	47,6 ml/rev	71,4	62,1	55,9	2,3	18,5	30,6
017	58,2 ml/rev	87,3	78,0	71,8	2,5	22,2	37,0
020	66,0 ml/rev	99,0	89,7	83,5	2,8	24,9	41,7
024	79,5 ml/rev	119,3	110,0	103,8	3,0	29,6	49,8
028	89,7 ml/rev	134,5	125,2	119,0	3,2	33,2	55,9
031	98,3 ml/rev	147,4	138,1	131,9	3,3	36,2	61,0
035	111,0 ml/rev	166,5	157,2	151,0	3,5	40,7	68,7
038	120,3 ml/rev	180,4	171,1	164,9	3,7	43,9	74,3
042 ¹⁾	136,0 ml/rev	204,0	194,7	188,5	4,0	49,4	83,7
045 ¹⁾	145,7 ml/rev	218,5	209,2	203,0	4,1	52,8	89,5
050 ¹⁾	158,0 ml/rev	237,0	227,7	224,0 ²⁾	4,4	57,0	85,0 ²⁾

1) 042 - 045 - 050 = 2200 R.P.M. max. 2) 050 = 210 bar max. int. Port connection can be furnished with metric threads.

Model No.

T6ER - 066 - 1 R 00 - A 1 0 - A 1 ..

Series

Cam ring

(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)

042 = 198,5 l/min 062 = 295,0 l/min
 045 = 213,6 l/min 066 = 319,9 l/min
 050 = 237,7 l/min 072 = 340,6 l/min
 052 = 247,2 l/min

Type of shaft

1 = keyed (SAE CC)
 3 = splined (SAE C)
 4 = splined (SAE CC)

Direct. of rotation (view on shaft end)

R = clockwise
 L = counter-clockwise

Porting combination

Modification

Seal class

1 = S1 (for mineral oil)
 4 = S4 (for the resistant fluids)
 5 = S5 (for mineral oil and fire resistant fluids)

Design letter

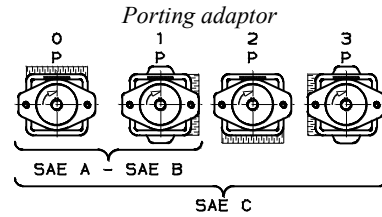
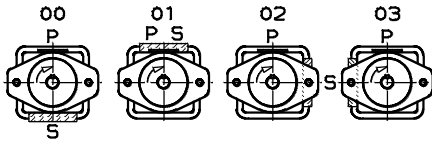
Porting adaptor

Coupling

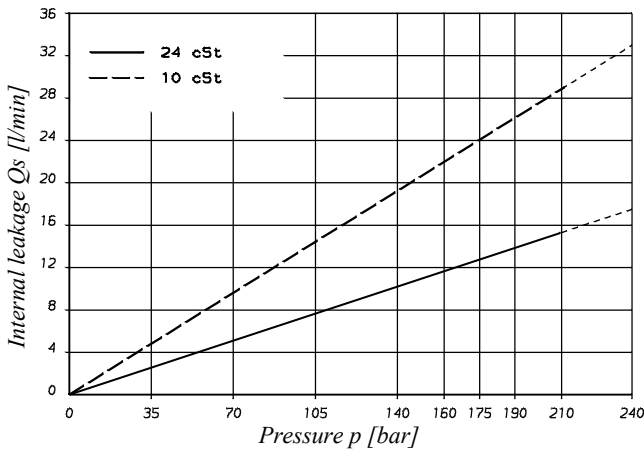
1 = SAE A 4 = SAE C
 2 = SAE B 5 = SAE J498b
 3 = SAE BB 16/32 - 11 teeth

Adaptor

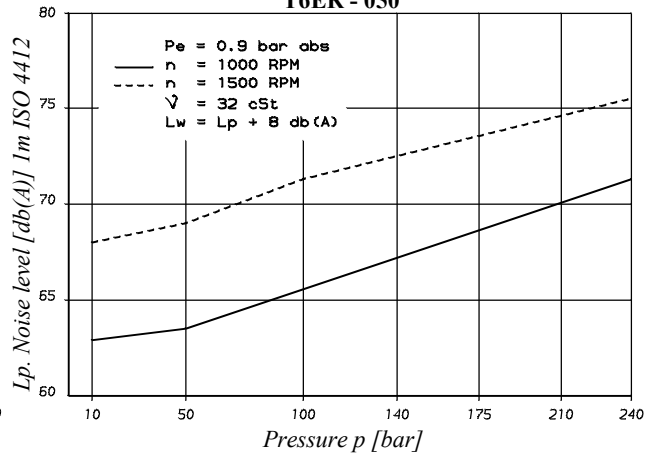
0 = None B = SAE B
 A = SAE A C = SAE C



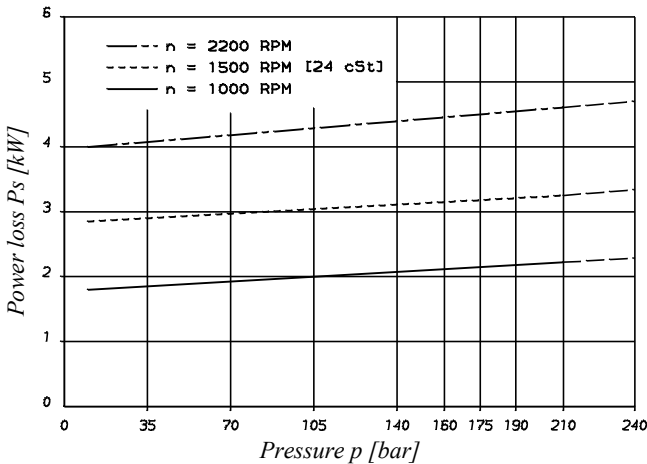
INTERNAL LEAKAGE (TYPICAL)



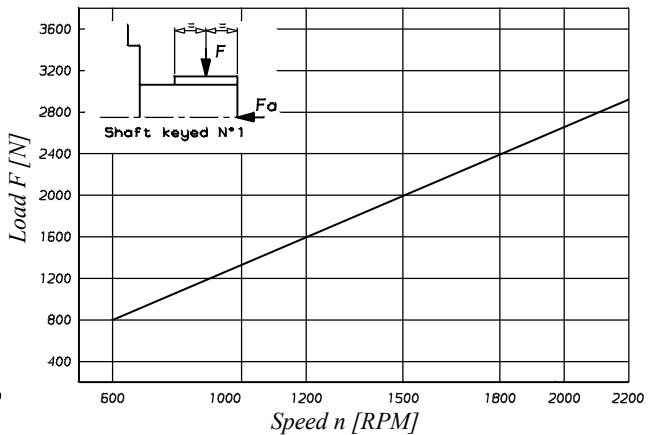
NOISE LEVEL (TYPICAL)
T6ER - 050



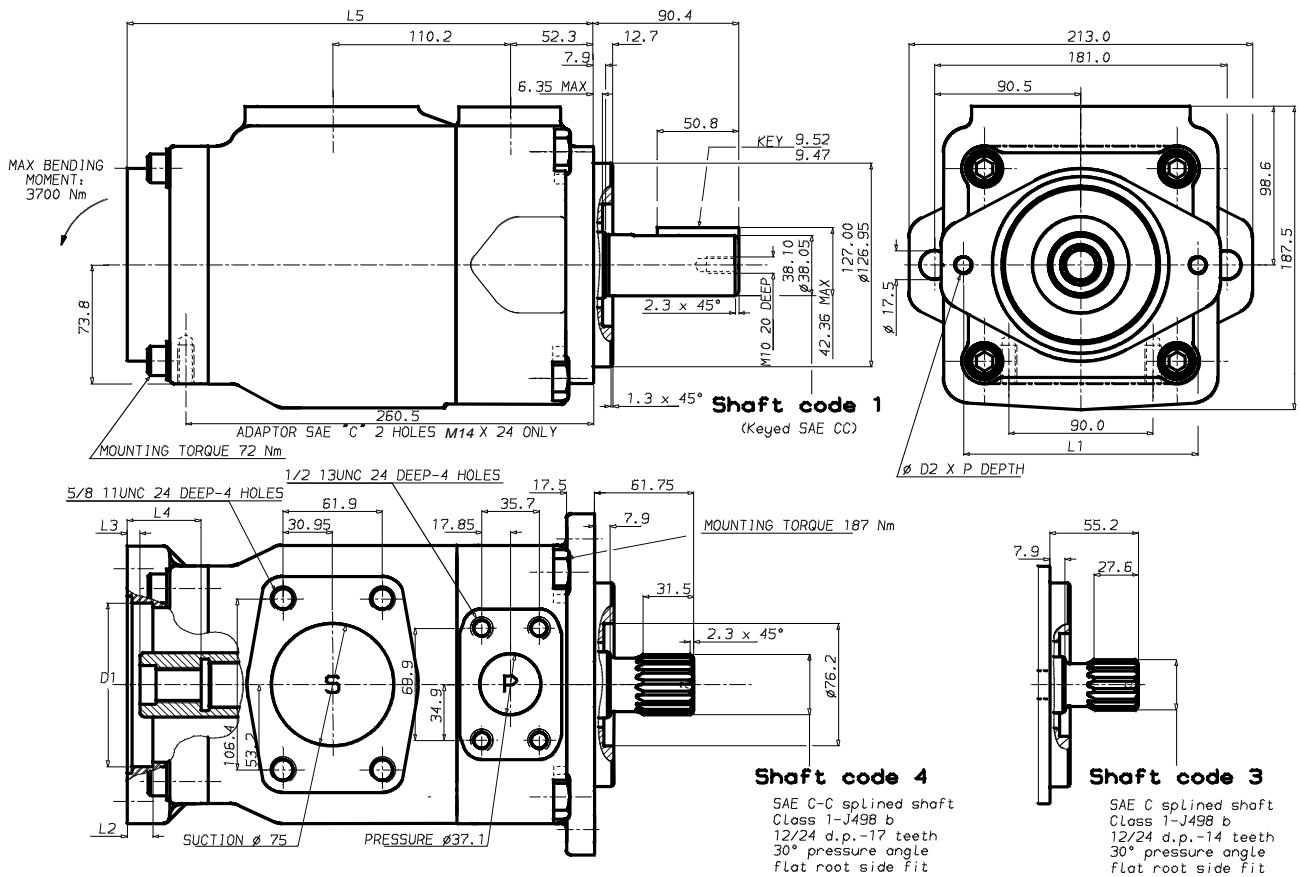
POWER LOSS HYDROMECHANICAL (TYPICAL)



PERMISSIBLE RADIAL LOAD



Maximum permissible axial load Fa = 2000 N



Adaptor	D1	D2	P	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
SAE A	82,65/82,60	M10	24	106,4	11,0	8,0	32,0	272,0
SAE B	101,70/101,65	M12	28	146,0	16,0	8,0	46,0	286,0
SAE C	127,10/127,05	M16	-	181,0	16,0	8,0	56,0	296,0

Adaptor	SAE A			SAE B		SAE C
	SAE A	SAE 11 teeth	SAE B	SAE B	SAE BB	SAE C
Coupling drive	SAE A	SAE 11 teeth	SAE B	SAE B	SAE BB	SAE C
Number of teeth	9	11	13	13	15	14
Pitch	16/32	16/32	16/32	16/32	16/32	12/24
Pressure angle	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°
Major dia. (min)	15,875	19,05	22,225	22,225	25,400	31,750
Minor dia. (min)	12,700	16,017	19,134	19,134	22,268	27,589

Shaft torque limits [ml/rev x bar]			
Shaft	V x p max.	Coupling drive	V x p max.
1	80560	SAE A	11000
3	61200	SAE B	20600
4	120210	SAE BB	32670
		SAE C	66480
		SAE - 11 teeth	15850

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [24 cSt]

Series	Volumetric Displacement Vp	Flow Q [l/min] & n = 1500 RPM			Input power P [kW] & n = 1500 RPM		
		p = 0 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar	p = 7 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar
042	132,3 ml/rev	198,5	188,5	181,3	5,2	49,4	82,6
045	142,4 ml/rev	213,6	203,6	196,5	5,4	52,9	88,7
050	158,5 ml/rev	237,7	227,7	220,6	5,7	58,5	98,3
052	164,8 ml/rev	247,2	237,2	230,1	5,8	60,8	102,1
062	196,7 ml/rev	295,0	285,0	277,9	6,4	71,9	121,3
066	213,3 ml/rev	319,9	309,9	302,8	6,7	77,7	131,2
072	227,1 ml/rev	340,6	330,6	323,5	6,9	82,6	139,5

Port connection can be furnished with metric threads.

ORDERING CODE & OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - T6DCCR SERIES INDUSTRIAL APPLICATION

Model No. T6DCCR - 038 - 028 - 008 - 2 R 00 - A 1 - 00 ..

Series P1 P2 P3

Rear cap end for mounting
SAE A auxiliary pump
coupling adaptor
SAE A - 9 teeth

Cam ring for "P1"
(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)
014 = 71,4 l/min 035 = 166,5 l/min
017 = 87,3 l/min 038 = 180,4 l/min
020 = 99,0 l/min 042 = 204,0 l/min
024 = 119,3 l/min 045 = 218,5 l/min
028 = 134,5 l/min 050 = 237,0 l/min
031 = 147,4 l/min

Cam ring for "P2" & "P3"
(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)
003 = 16,2 l/min 017 = 87,4 l/min
005 = 25,8 l/min 020 = 95,7 l/min
006 = 31,9 l/min 022 = 105,4 l/min
008 = 39,6 l/min 025 = 118,9 l/min
010 = 51,1 l/min 028 = 133,2 l/min
012 = 55,6 l/min 031 = 150,0 l/min
014 = 69,0 l/min

Modification
Mounting W/connection variables
4 bolts SAE flange (J518c)

Type	UNC		Metric	
P3	1"	3/4"	1"	3/4"
Code	00	01	M0	M1

Seal class
1 = S1 (for mineral oil)
4 = S4 (for the resistant fluids)
5 = S5 (for mineral oil and fire resistant fluids)

Design letter
Porting combination (see pages)
00 = standard

Direct. of rotation (view on shaft end)
R = clockwise
L = counter-clockwise

Type of shaft
2 = keyed (SAE CC)
3 = splined (SAE D & E)

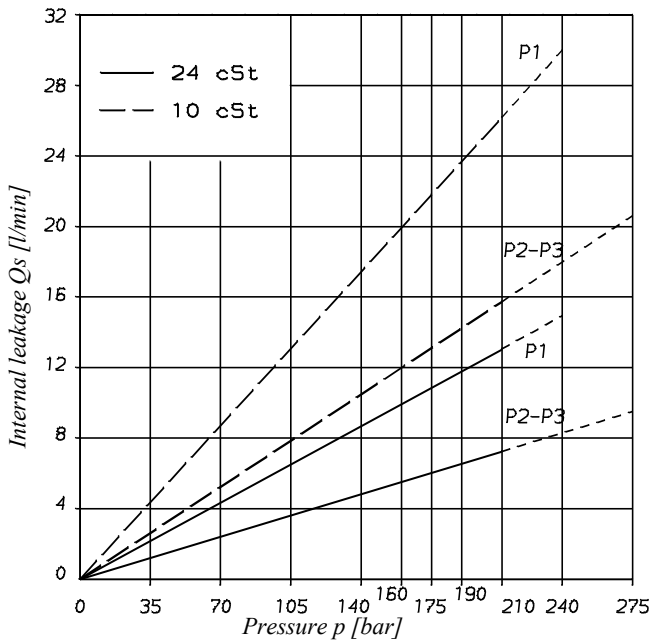
OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [24 cSt]

Pressure port	Series	Volumetric Displacement Vp	Flow Q [l/min] & n = 1500 RPM			Input power P [kW] & n = 1500 RPM		
			p = 0 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar	p = 7 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar
P1	014	47,6 ml/rev	71,4	62,1	55,9	2,3	18,5	30,6
	017	58,2 ml/rev	87,3	78,0	71,8	2,5	22,2	37,0
	020	66,0 ml/rev	99,0	89,7	83,5	2,8	24,9	41,7
	024	79,5 ml/rev	119,3	110,0	103,8	3,0	29,6	49,8
	028	89,7 ml/rev	134,5	125,2	119,0	3,2	33,2	55,9
	031	98,3 ml/rev	147,4	138,1	131,9	3,3	36,2	61,0
	035	111,0 ml/rev	166,5	157,2	151,0	3,5	40,7	68,7
	038	120,3 ml/rev	180,4	171,1	164,9	3,7	43,9	74,3
	042 ²⁾	136,0 ml/rev	204,0	194,7	188,5	4,0	49,4	83,7
	045 ²⁾	145,7 ml/rev	218,5	209,2	203,0	4,1	52,8	89,5
050 ²⁾	158,0 ml/rev	237,0	227,7	224,0 ¹⁾	4,4	57,0	85,0 ¹⁾	
P2 & P3	003	10,8 ml/rev	16,2	11,2	7,7	1,3	5,3	8,4
	005	17,2 ml/rev	25,8	20,8	17,3	1,4	7,5	12,2
	006	21,3 ml/rev	31,9	26,9	23,4	1,5	8,9	14,7
	008	26,4 ml/rev	39,6	34,6	31,1	1,6	10,7	17,7
	010	34,1 ml/rev	51,1	46,1	42,6	1,7	13,4	22,3
	012	37,1 ml/rev	55,6	50,6	47,1	1,7	14,4	24,1
	014	46,0 ml/rev	69,0	64,0	60,5	1,9	17,6	29,5
	017	58,3 ml/rev	87,4	82,4	78,9	2,1	21,9	36,9
	020	63,8 ml/rev	95,7	90,7	87,2	2,2	23,8	40,2
	022	70,3 ml/rev	105,4	100,4	96,9	2,3	26,1	44,1
	025	79,3 ml/rev	118,9	113,9	110,4	2,5	29,2	49,5
	028	88,8 ml/rev	133,2	128,2	125,8 ¹⁾	2,8	32,7	48,5 ¹⁾
	031	100,0 ml/rev	150,0	145,0	142,6 ¹⁾	2,8	36,5	54,4 ¹⁾

1) 028 - 031 - 050 = 210 bar max. int.

2) 042 - 045 - 050 = 2200 R.P.M. max

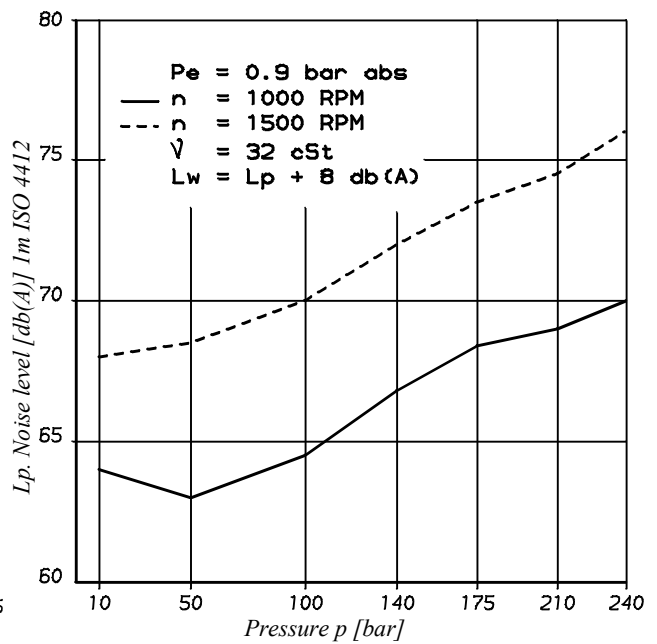
INTERNAL LEAKAGE (TYPICAL)



Total leakage is the sum of each section loss at its operating conditions.

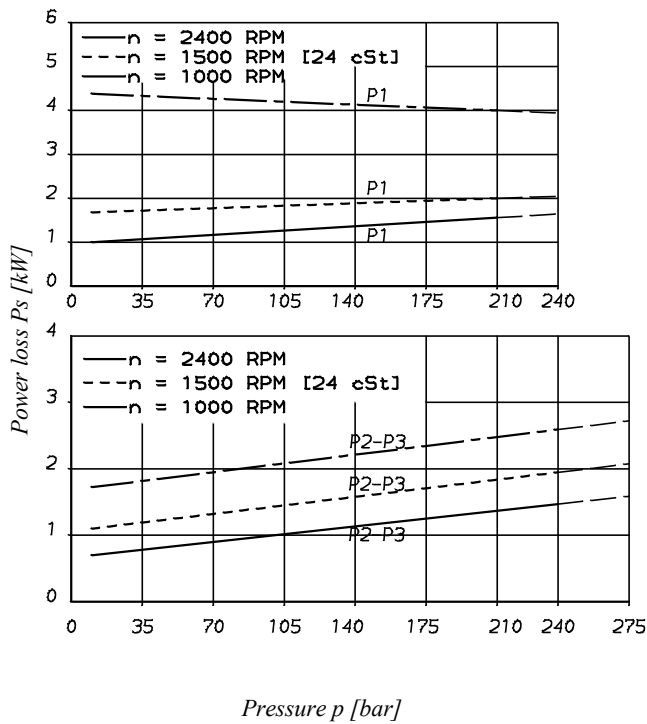
NOISE LEVEL (TYPICAL)

T6DCC - 038 - 022 - 022



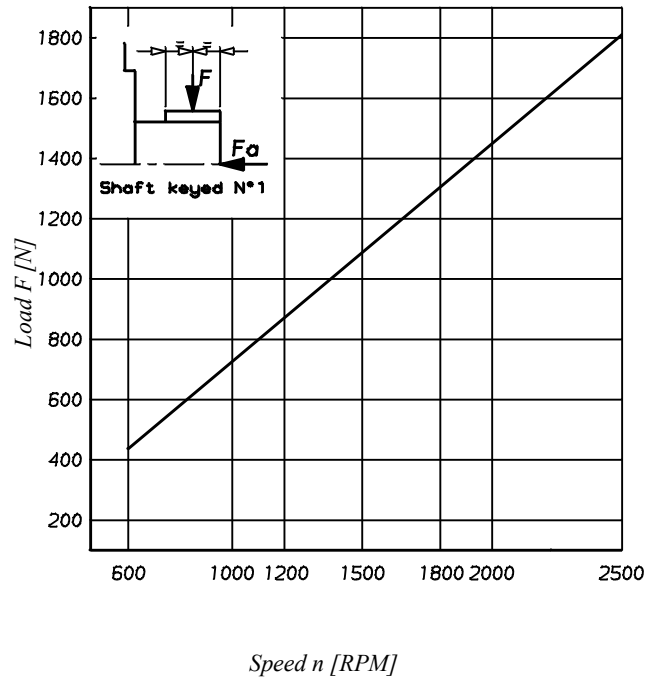
Triple pump noise level is given with each section discharging at the pressure noted on the curve.

POWER LOSS HYDROMECHANICAL (TYPICAL)

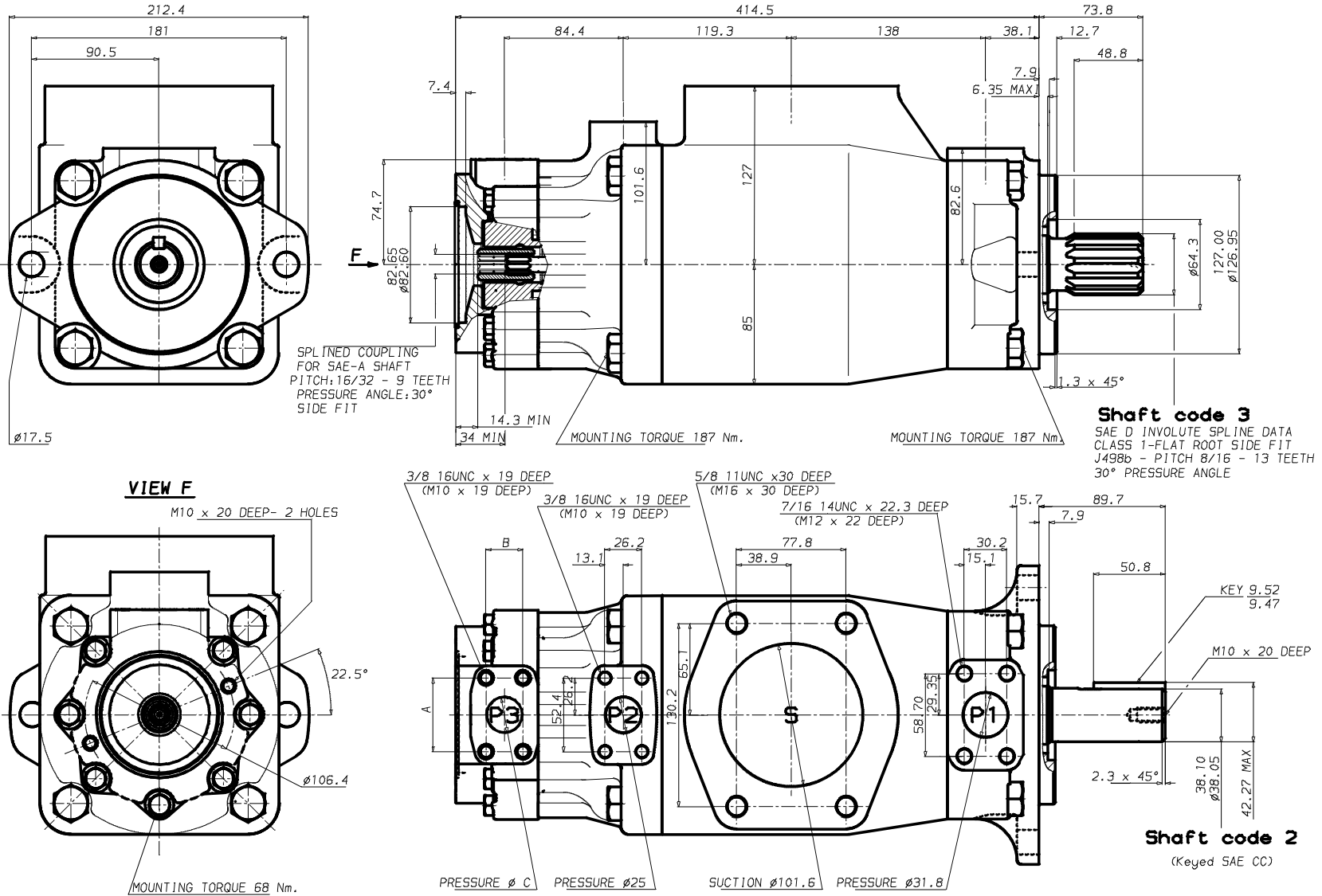


Total hydrodynamic power loss is the sum of each section at its operating conditions.

PERMISSIBLE RADIAL LOAD

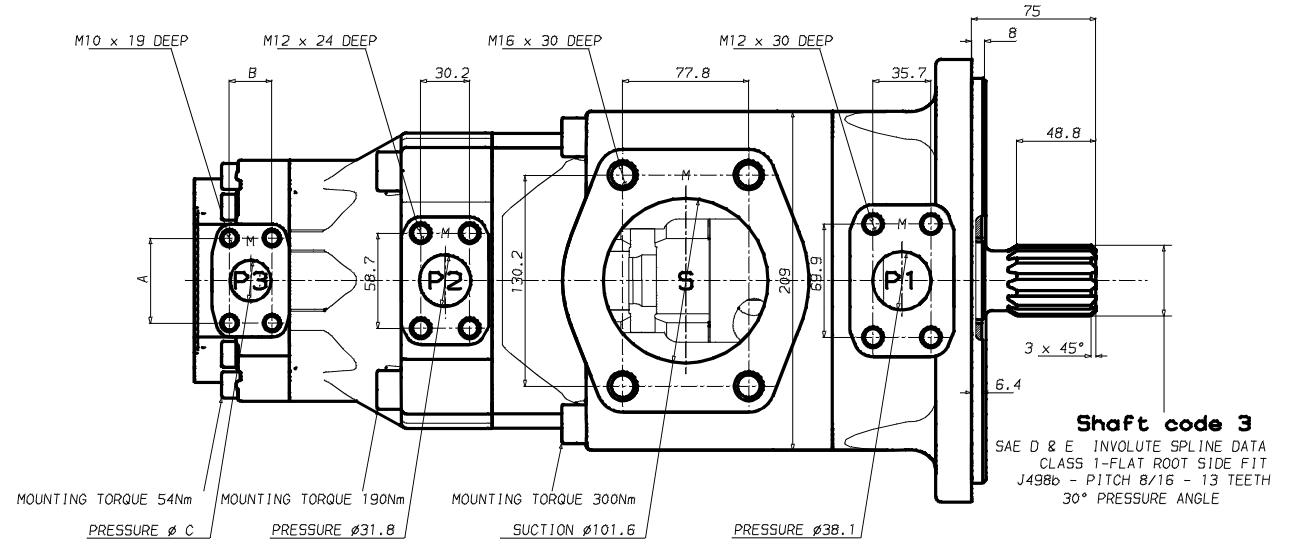
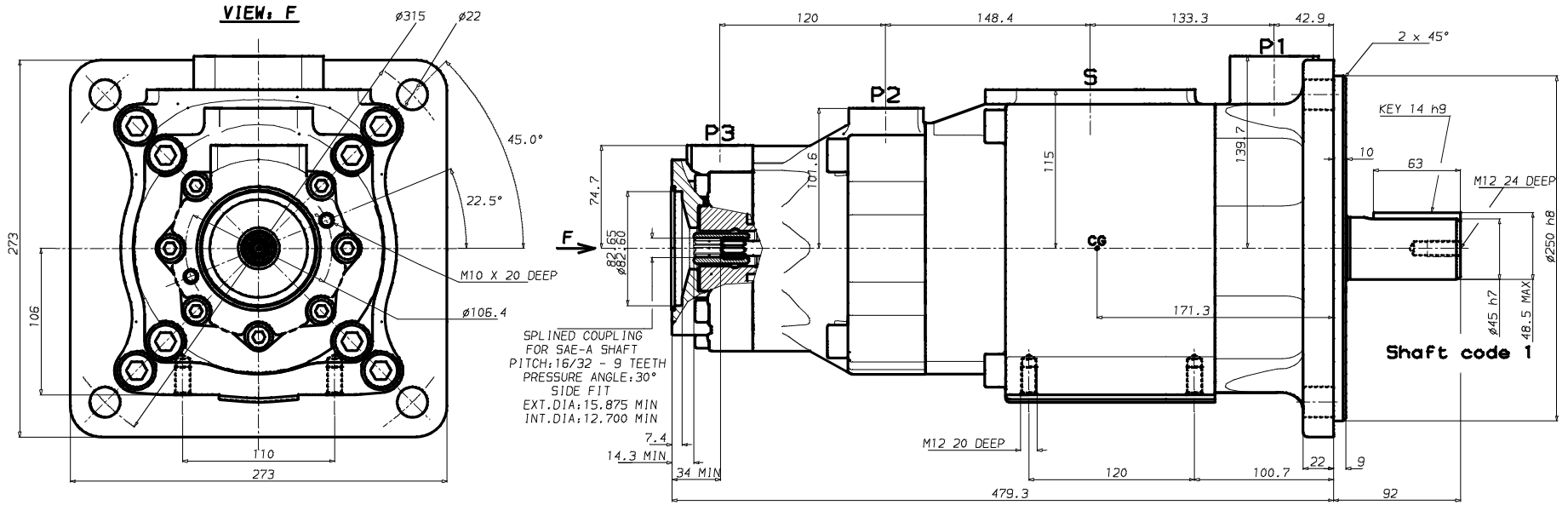


Maximum permissible axial load $F_a = 1200\text{ N}$



Shaft torque limits [ml/rev x bar]				
Pump	Shaft	Vi x p max. P1 + P2 + P3	Coupling	Vi x p max.
T6DCCR	2	66500	SAE "A"	3456
	3	61200		

Alternative ports				
Port	Code	A	B	Ø C
P3	00	52,4	26,2	25,4
P3	01	47,6	22,2	19,0



Shaft torque limits [ml/rev x bar]		
Pump	Shaft	Vi x p max. P1 + P2 + P3
T6EDCR	3	61200
Coupling	SAE "A"	Vi x p max. = 3456

Alternative ports				
Port	Code	A	B	Ø C
P3	00	52,4	26,2	25,4
P3	01	47,6	22,2	19,0

ORDERING CODE & OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - T6EDCR SERIES INDUSTRIAL APPLICATION

Model No.

T6EDCR - 062 - 035 - 017 - 1 R 00 - A 1 - P 0 - ..

Series

P1 P2 P3

**Rear cap end for mounting
SAE A auxiliary pump
coupling adaptor
SAE A - 9 teeth**

Cam ring for "P1"

(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)

042 = 198,5 l/min 062 = 295,0 l/min
045 = 213,6 l/min 066 = 319,9 l/min
050 = 237,7 l/min 072 = 340,6 l/min
052 = 247,2 l/min

Cam ring for "P2"

(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)

014 = 71,4 l/min 035 = 166,5 l/min
017 = 87,3 l/min 038 = 180,4 l/min
020 = 99,0 l/min 042 = 204,0 l/min
024 = 119,3 l/min 045 = 218,5 l/min
028 = 134,5 l/min 050 = 237,0 l/min
031 = 147,4 l/min

Cam ring for "P3"

(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)

003 = 16,2 l/min 012 = 55,6 l/min 022 = 105,4 l/min
005 = 25,8 l/min 014 = 69,0 l/min 025 = 118,9 l/min
006 = 31,9 l/min 017 = 87,4 l/min 028 = 133,2 l/min
008 = 39,6 l/min 020 = 95,7 l/min 031 = 150,0 l/min
010 = 51,1 l/min

Modification

Mounting W/connection variables
0 = P3 = 1" SAE
1 = P3 = 3/4" SAE

Options

F = Standard
P = 4 holes for external support

Seal class

1 = S1 (for mineral oil)
4 = S4 (for the resistant fluids)
5 = S5 (for mineral oil and fire resistant fluids)

Design letter

Porting combination (see pages)
00 = standard

Direct. of rotation (view on shaft end)

R = clockwise
L = counter-clockwise

Type of shaft

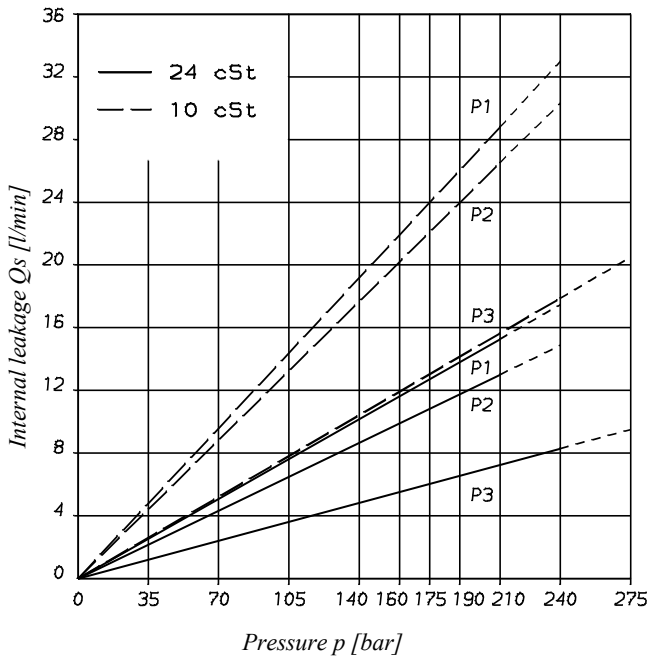
1 = keyed (G45N - ISO 3019-2)
3 = splined (SAE D & E)

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [24 cSt]

Pressure port	Series	Volumetric Displacement Vp	Flow Q [l/min] & n = 1500 RPM			Input power P [kW] & n = 1500 RPM		
			p = 0 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar	p = 7 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar
P1	042	132,3 ml/rev	198,5	188,5	181,3	5,2	49,4	82,6
	045	142,4 ml/rev	213,6	203,6	196,5	5,4	52,9	88,7
	050	158,5 ml/rev	237,7	227,7	220,6	5,7	58,5	98,3
	052	164,8 ml/rev	247,2	237,2	230,1	5,8	60,8	102,1
	062	196,7 ml/rev	295,0	285,0	277,9	6,4	71,9	121,3
	066	213,3 ml/rev	319,9	309,9	302,8	6,7	77,7	131,2
	072	227,1 ml/rev	340,6	330,6	323,5	6,9	82,6	139,5
P2	014	47,6 ml/rev	71,4	62,1	55,9	2,3	18,5	30,6
	017	58,2 ml/rev	87,3	78,0	71,8	2,5	22,2	37,0
	020	66,0 ml/rev	99,0	89,7	83,5	2,8	24,9	41,7
	024	79,5 ml/rev	119,3	110,0	103,8	3,0	29,6	49,8
	028	89,7 ml/rev	134,5	125,2	119,0	3,2	33,2	55,9
	031	98,3 ml/rev	147,4	138,1	131,9	3,3	36,2	61,0
	035	111,0 ml/rev	166,5	157,2	151,0	3,5	40,7	68,7
	038	120,3 ml/rev	180,4	171,1	164,9	3,7	43,9	74,3
	042 ²⁾	136,0 ml/rev	204,0	194,7	188,5	4,0	49,4	83,7
	045 ²⁾	145,7 ml/rev	218,5	209,2	203,0	4,1	52,8	89,5
050 ²⁾	158,0 ml/rev	237,0	227,7	224,0 ¹⁾	4,4	57,0	85,0 ¹⁾	
P3	003	10,8 ml/rev	16,2	11,2	7,7	1,3	5,3	8,4
	005	17,2 ml/rev	25,8	20,8	17,3	1,4	7,5	12,2
	006	21,3 ml/rev	31,9	26,9	23,4	1,5	8,9	14,7
	008	26,4 ml/rev	39,6	34,6	31,1	1,6	10,7	17,7
	010	34,1 ml/rev	51,1	46,1	42,6	1,7	13,4	22,3
	012	37,1 ml/rev	55,6	50,6	47,1	1,7	14,4	24,1
	014	46,0 ml/rev	69,0	64,0	60,5	1,9	17,6	29,5
	017	58,3 ml/rev	87,4	82,4	78,9	2,1	21,9	36,9
	020	63,8 ml/rev	95,7	90,7	87,2	2,2	23,8	40,2
	022	70,3 ml/rev	105,4	100,4	96,9	2,3	26,1	44,1
	025	79,3 ml/rev	118,9	113,9	110,4	2,5	29,2	49,5
	028	88,8 ml/rev	133,2	128,2	125,8 ¹⁾	2,8	32,7	48,5 ¹⁾
	031	100,0 ml/rev	150,0	145,0	142,6 ¹⁾	2,8	36,5	54,4 ¹⁾

1) 028 - 031 - 050 = 210 bar max. int. 2) 042 - 045 - 050 = 2200 R.P.M. max

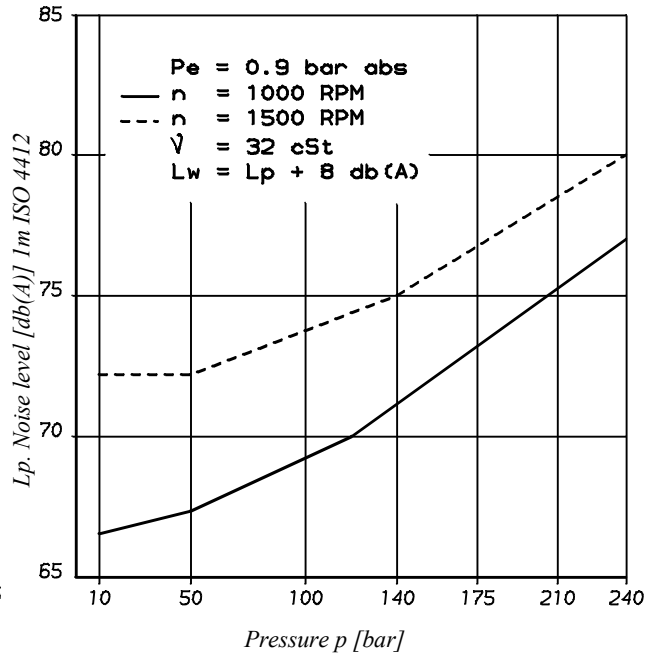
INTERNAL LEAKAGE (TYPICAL)



Total leakage is the sum of each section loss at its operating conditions.

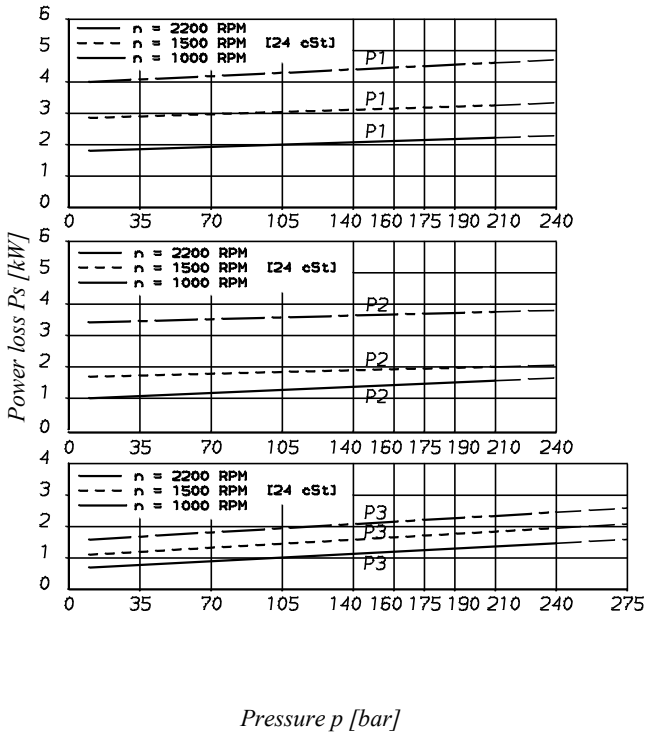
NOISE LEVEL (TYPICAL)

T6EDCR - 062 - 035 - 017



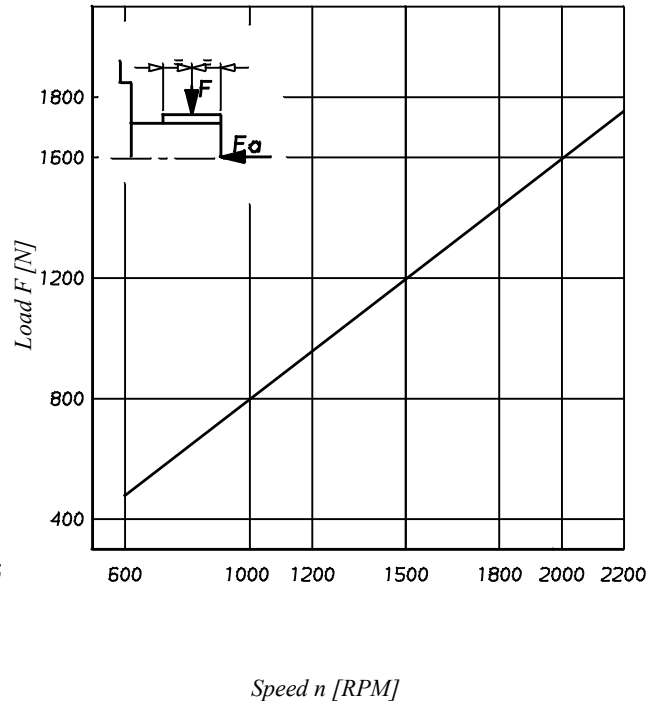
Triple pump noise level is given with each section discharging at the pressure noted on the curve.

POWER LOSS HYDROMECHANICAL (TYPICAL)



Total hydrodynamic power loss is the sum of each section at its operating conditions.

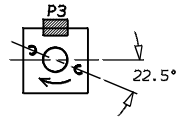
PERMISSIBLE RADIAL LOAD



Maximum permissible axial load $F_a = 2000\text{ N}$

PORTING DIAGRAMS - T6DCCR & T6EDCR SERIES INDUSTRIAL APPLICATION

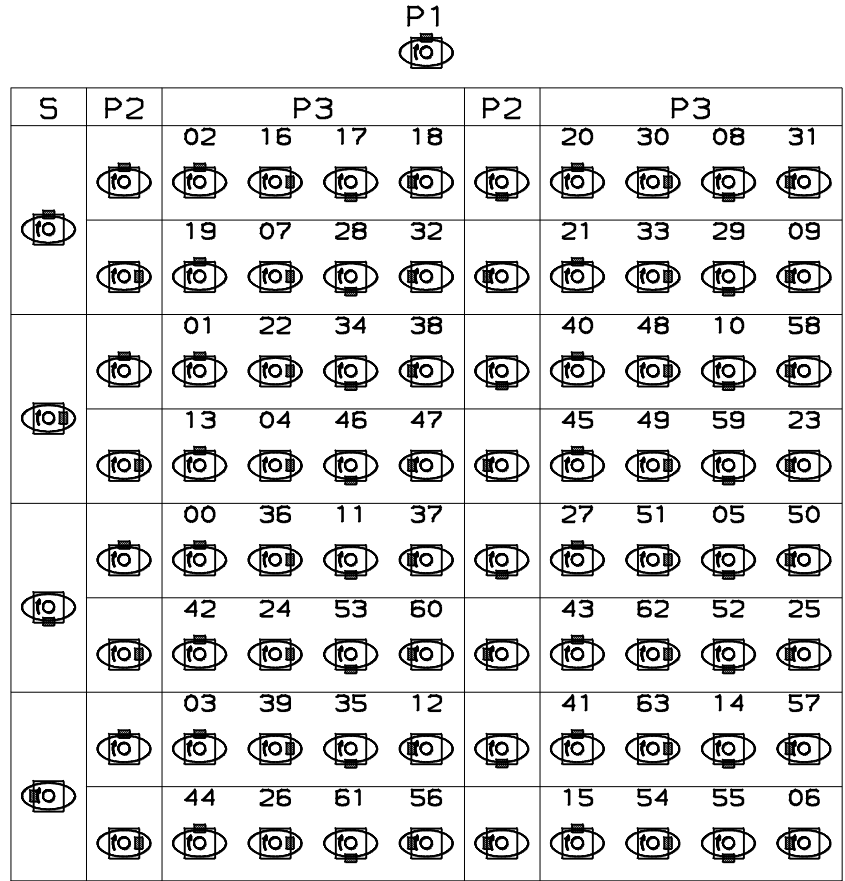
T6DCCR - T6EDCR
(View from shaft end)



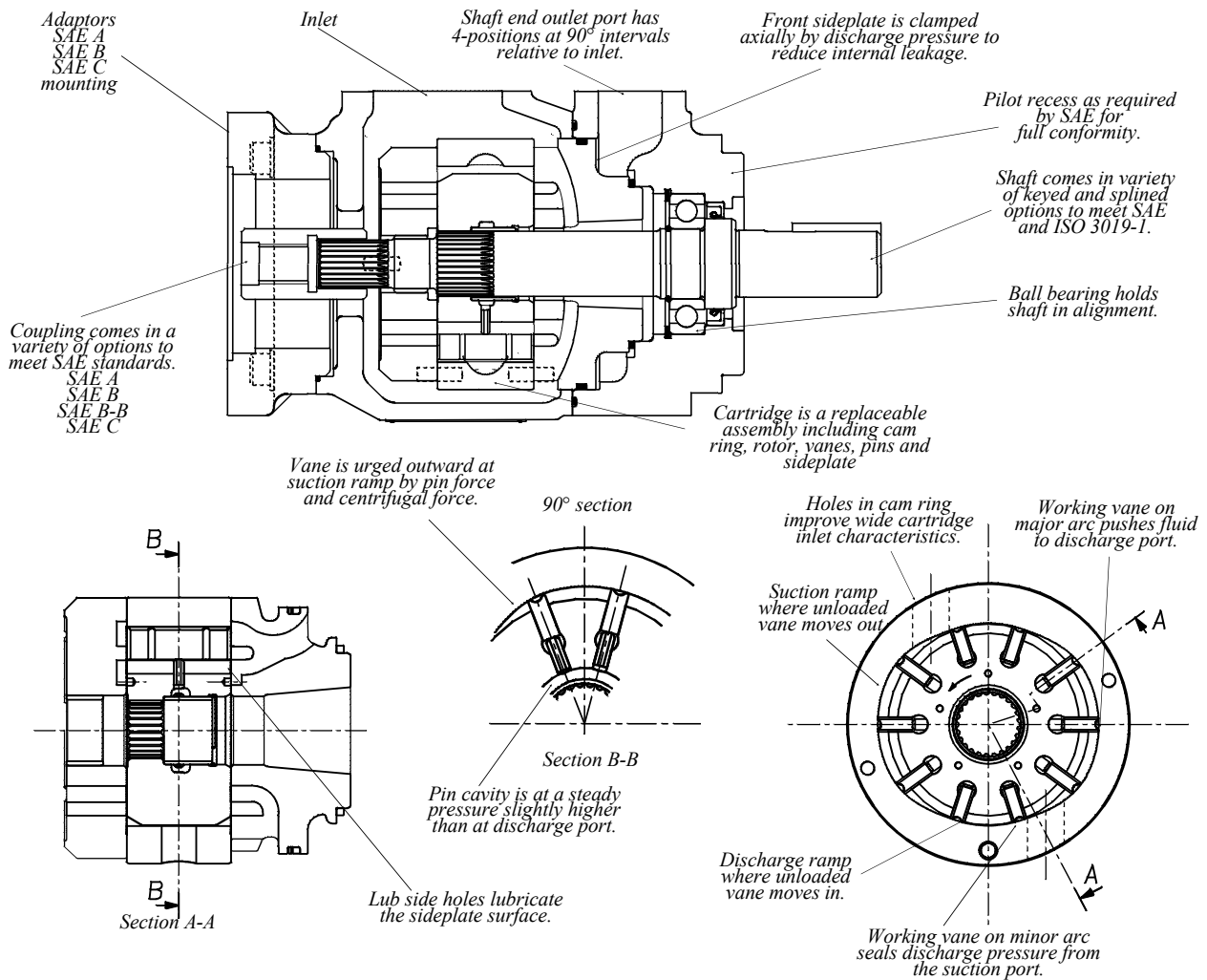
00 P1-P2-P3 	01 P1-P2-P3 	02 S-P1-P2-P3 	03 P1-P2-P3 	04 P1 	05 P1 	06 P1 	07 P1-S
08 P1-S 	09 P1-S 	10 P1 	11 P1-P2 	12 P1-P2 	13 P1-P3 	14 P1 	15 P1-P3
16 S-P1-P2 	17 S-P1-P2 	18 S-P1-P2 	19 S-P1-P3 	20 S-P1-P3 	21 S-P1-P3 	22 P1-P2 	23 P1
24 P1 	25 P1 	26 P1 	27 P1-P3 	28 P1-S 	29 P1-S 	30 P1-S 	31 P1-S
32 P1-S 	33 P1-S 	34 P1-P2 	35 P1-P2 	36 P1-P2 	37 P1-P2 	38 P1-P2 	39 P1-P2
40 P1-P3 	41 P1-P3 	42 P1-P3 	43 P1-P3 	44 P1-P3 	45 P1-P3 	46 P1 	47 P1
48 P1 	49 P1 	50 P1 	51 P1 	52 P1 	53 P1 	54 P1 	55 P1
56 P1 	57 P1 	58 P1 	59 P1 	60 P1 	61 P1 	62 P1 	63 P1

PORTING DIAGRAMS - SERIES T6DCCR & T6EDCR INDUSTRIAL APPLICATION

T6DCCR - T6EDCR
(View from shaft end)



DESCRIPTION - T6*R SERIES MOBILE APPLICATION



APPLICATION ADVANTAGES

- The high pressure capability up to 275 bar, in the small envelope, reduces the installation costs and provides an extended a life at reduced pressure.
- The high volumetric efficiency, typically 94%, reduces the heat generation, and allows speeds down to 400 RPM at full pressure.
- The high mechanical efficiency, typically 94%, reduces the energy consumption.
- The wide speed range from 400 RPM to 2800 RPM, combined with large size cartridge displacements, will optimize operation for the lowest noise level in the smallest envelope.
- The low speed 400 RPM, low pressure, high viscosity 2000 cSt allow applications in cold environments with minimum energy consumption and without seizure risk.
- The low ripple pressure ± 2 bar reduces the piping noise and increases the life time of other components in the circuit.
- The high resistance to particle contamination because of the double lip vane increases the pump life.
- The large variety of options (cam displacement, shaft, porting) allows customized installation.

RECOMMENDED FLUIDS

Petroleum based antiwear R & O fluids.
 These fluids are the recommended fluids for T6 series pumps. Maximum catalog ratings and performance data are based on operation with these fluids. These fluids are covered by DENISON Hydraulics HF-0 and HF-2 specification.

ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE FLUIDS

The use of fluids other than petroleum based antiwear R & O fluids requires that the maximum ratings of the pumps will be reduced. In some cases the minimum replenishment pressures must be increased. Consult specific sections for more details.

VISCOSITY

Max. (cold start, low speed & pressure) _____ 2000 mm²/s (cSt)
 Max. (full speed & pressure) _____ 108 mm²/s (cSt)
 Optimum (max. life) _____ 30 mm²/s (cSt)
 Min. (full speed & pressure for HF-1, HF-3, HF-4 & HF-5 fluids) _____ 18 mm²/s (cSt)
 Min. (full speed & pressure for HF-0 & HF-2 fluids) _____ 10 mm²/s (cSt)

VISCOSITY INDEX

90° min. higher values extend the range of operating temperatures.
 Maximum fluid temperature (θ) °K
 HF-0, HF-1, HF-2 _____ 373 (+ 100° C)
 HF-3, HF-4 _____ 323 (+ 50° C)
 HF-5 _____ 343 (+ 70° C)
 Biodegradable fluids (esters & rapeseed base) _____ 338 (+ 65° C)

Minimum fluid temperature (θ) °K
 HF-0, HF-1, HF-2, HF-5 _____ 255 (- 18° C)
 HF-3, HF-4 _____ 283 (+ 10° C)
 Biodegradable fluids (esters & rapeseed base) _____ 253 (- 20° C)

FLUID CLEANLINESS

The fluid must be cleaned before and during operation to maintain the contamination level of NAS 1638 class 8 (or ISO 18/14) or better. Filters with 25 micron (or better, β10 ≥ 100) nominal ratings may be adequate but do not guarantee the required cleanliness levels. Suction strainers must be of adequate size to provide the minimum inlet pressure specified. 100 mesh (149 micron) is the finest mesh recommended. Use oversize strainers or omit them altogether on applications which require cold starts or use fire resistant fluids.

OPERATING TEMPERATURES AND VISCOSITIES

Operating temperatures are a function of fluid viscosities, fluid type, and the pump. Fluid viscosity should be selected to provide the optimum viscosity at normal operating temperatures. For cold starts, the pumps should be operated at low speed and pressure until the fluid warms up to an acceptable viscosity for full power operation.

WATER CONTAMINATION IN THE FLUID

Maximum acceptable content of water.
 ù 0,10 % for mineral base fluids.
 ù 0,05 % for synthetic fluids, crankcase oils, biodegradable fluids.
 If amount of water is higher, then it should be drained off the circuit.

COUPLINGS AND FEMALE SPLINES

- The mating female spline should be free to float and find its own center. If both members are rigidly supported, they must be aligned within 0,15 TIR or less to reduce fretting. The angular alignment of two spline axes must be less than ± 0,05 per 25,4 radius.
- The coupling spline must be lubricated with a lithium molydisulfide grease or a similar lubricant.
- The coupling must be hardened to a hardness between 27 and 45 R.C.
- The female spline must be made to conform to the Class 1 fit as described in SAE-J498b (1971). This is described as a Flat Root Side Fit.

KEYED SHAFTS

DENISON Hydraulics supplies the T6 series keyed shaft pumps with high strength heat-treated keys. Therefore, when installing or replacing these pumps, the heat-treated keys must be used in order to insure maximum life in the application. If the key is replaced, it must be a heat-treated key between 27 and 34 R.C. hardness. The corners of the keys must be chamfered from 0,76 to 1,02 at 45° to clear the radii in the key way.

NOTE

The alignment of keyed shafts must be within the tolerances given for splined shafts.

SHAFT LOADS

These products are primarily designed for coaxial drives which do not impose axial or side loading on the shaft. Consult specific sections for more details.

ORDERING CODE - T6CRM SERIES MOBILE APPLICATION

Model No.

T6CRM - B22 - 1 R 00 - A 1 0 - A 1 ..

Series

Cam ring

(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)

B03 = 16,2 l/min	B17 = 87,4 l/min
B05 = 25,8 l/min	B20 = 95,7 l/min
B06 = 31,9 l/min	B22 = 105,4 l/min
B08 = 39,6 l/min	B25 = 118,9 l/min
B10 = 51,1 l/min	B28 = 133,2 l/min
B12 = 55,6 l/min	B31 = 150,0 l/min
B14 = 69,0 l/min	

Type of shaft

1 = keyed (SAE BB)	4 = splined (SAE BB)
2 = keyed (non SAE)	5 = keyed (non SAE)
3 = splined (SAE B)	

Direct. of rotation (view on shaft end)

R = clockwise
L = counter-clockwise

Porting combination

00 = standard

Modification

Seal class

1 = S1 (for mineral oil)
4 = S4 (for the resistant fluids)
5 = S5 (for mineral oil and fire resistant fluids)

Design letter

Porting adaptor

Coupling

1 = SAE A
2 = SAE B
3 = SAE BB

4 = SAE C

5 = SAE J498b

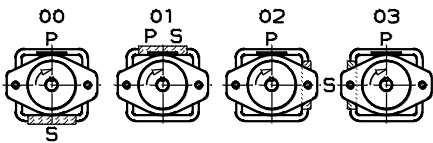
16/32 - 11 teeth

Adaptor

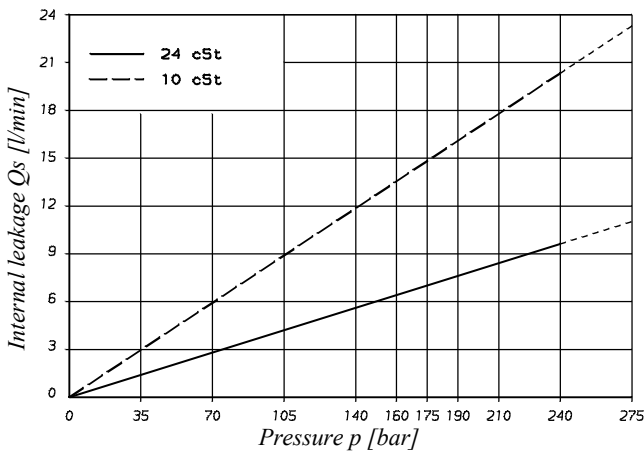
0 = None
A = SAE A

B = SAE B

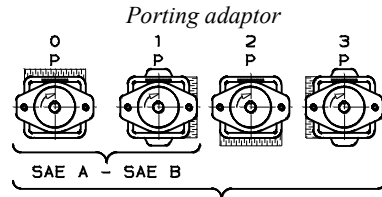
C = SAE C



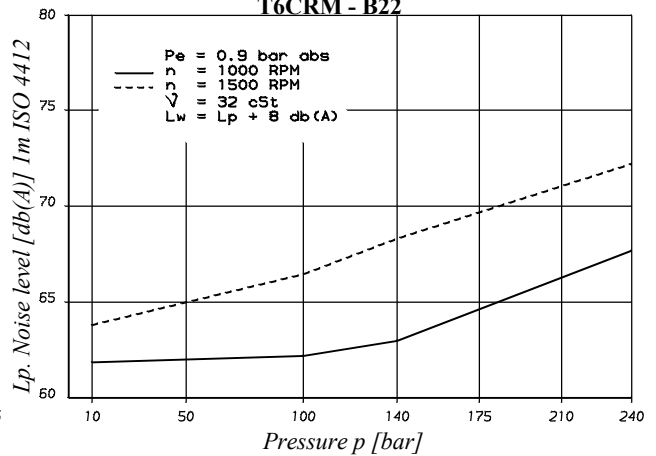
INTERNAL LEAKAGE (TYPICAL)



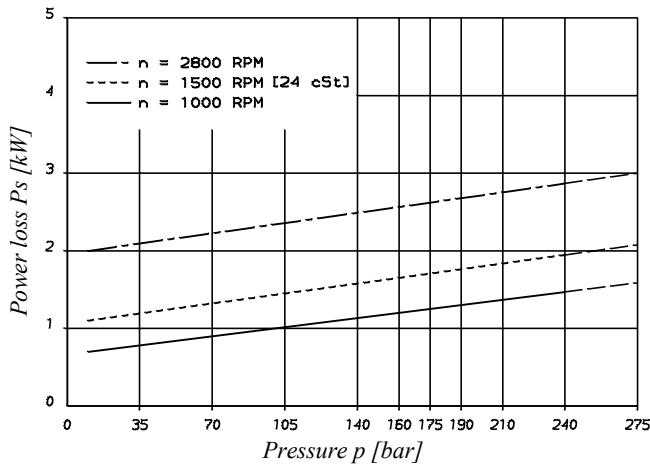
Do not operate the pump more than 5 seconds at any speed or viscosity if internal leakage is more than 50% of theoretical flow.



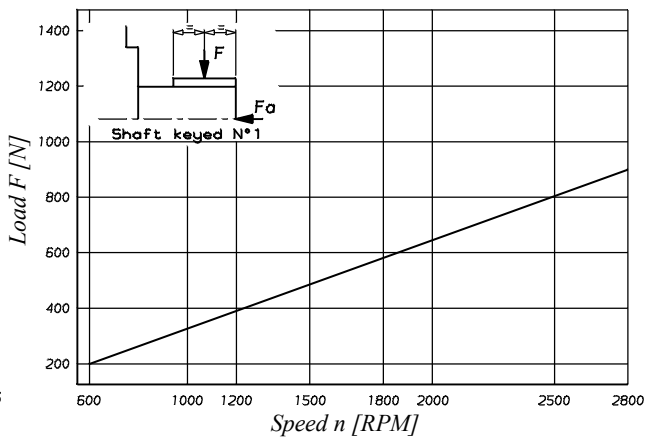
NOISE LEVEL (TYPICAL)



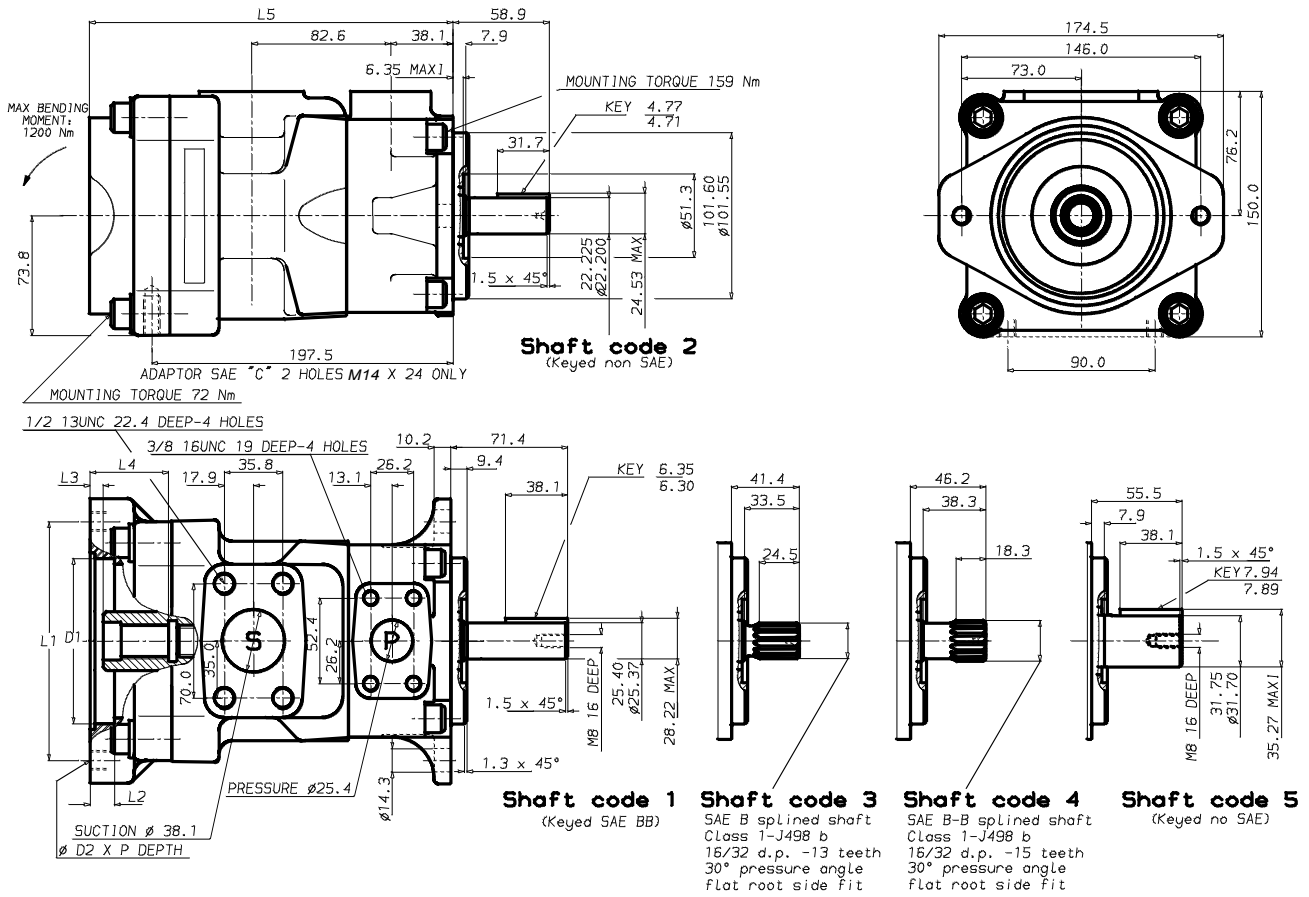
POWER LOSS HYDROMECHANICAL (TYPICAL)



PERMISSIBLE RADIAL LOAD



Maximum permissible axial load Fa = 800 N



Adaptor	D1	D2	P	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
SAE A	82,65/82,60	M10	24	106,4	11,0	8,0	32,0	209,0
SAE B	101,70/101,65	M12	28	146,0	16,0	8,0	46,0	223,0
SAE C	127,10/127,05	M16	-	181,0	16,0	8,0	56,0	233,0

Adaptor	SAE A			SAE B		SAE C
	SAE A	SAE 11 teeth	SAE B	SAE B	SAE BB	SAE C
Coupling drive	SAE A	SAE 11 teeth	SAE B	SAE B	SAE BB	SAE C
Number of teeth	9	11	13	13	15	14
Pitch	16/32	16/32	16/32	16/32	16/32	12/24
Pressure angle	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°
Major dia. (min)	15,875	19,05	22,225	22,225	25,400	31,750
Minor dia. (min)	12,700	16,017	19,134	19,134	22,268	27,589

Shaft torque limits [ml/rev x bar]			
Shaft	V x p max.	Coupling drive	V x p max.
1	21420	SAE A	11000
2	14300	SAE B	20600
3	20600	SAE BB	22050
4	32670	SAE C	22050
5	34180	SAE - 11 teeth	15850

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [24 cst]

Series	Volumetric Displacement Vp	Flow Q [l/min] & n = 1500 RPM			Input power P [kW] & n = 1500 RPM		
		p = 0 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar	p = 7 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar
B03	10,8 ml/rev	16,2	11,2	7,7	1,3	5,3	8,4
B05	17,2 ml/rev	25,8	20,8	17,3	1,4	7,5	12,2
B06	21,3 ml/rev	31,9	26,9	23,4	1,5	8,9	14,7
B08	26,4 ml/rev	39,6	34,6	31,1	1,6	10,7	17,7
B10	34,1 ml/rev	51,1	46,1	42,6	1,7	13,4	22,3
B12	37,1 ml/rev	55,6	50,6	47,1	1,7	14,4	24,1
B14	46,0 ml/rev	69,0	64,0	60,5	1,9	17,6	29,5
B17	58,3 ml/rev	87,4	82,4	78,9	2,1	21,9	36,9
B20	63,8 ml/rev	95,7	90,7	87,2	2,2	23,8	40,2
B22	70,3 ml/rev	105,4	100,4	96,9	2,3	26,1	44,1
B25 ¹⁾	79,3 ml/rev	118,9	113,9	110,4	2,5	29,2	49,5
B28 ¹⁾	88,8 ml/rev	133,2	128,2	125,8 ²⁾	2,8	32,7	48,5 ²⁾
B31 ¹⁾	100,0 ml/rev	150,0	145,0	142,6 ²⁾	2,8	36,5	54,4 ²⁾

1) B25 - B28 - B31 = 2500 R.P.M. max. 2) B28 - B31 = 210 bar max. int. Port connection can be furnished with metric threads.

ORDERING CODE - T6DRM SERIES MOBILE APPLICATION

Model No.

T6DRM - B45 - 1 R 00 - A 1 0 - A 1 ..

Series

Cam ring

(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)

B14 = 71,4 l/min	B35 = 166,5 l/min
B17 = 87,3 l/min	B38 = 180,4 l/min
B20 = 99,0 l/min	B42 = 204,0 l/min
B24 = 119,3 l/min	B45 = 218,5 l/min
B28 = 134,5 l/min	B50 = 237,0 l/min
B31 = 147,4 l/min	

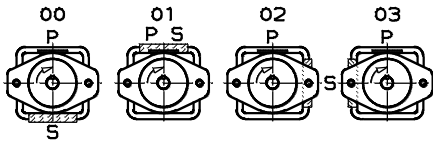
Type of shaft

1 = keyed (SAE C)
 2 = keyed (SAE CC)
 3 = splined (SAE C)
 5 = keyed (non SAE)

Direct. of rotation (view on shaft end)

R = clockwise
 L = counter-clockwise

Porting combination



Modification

Seal class

1 = S1 (for mineral oil)
 4 = S4 (for the resistant fluids)
 5 = S5 (for mineral oil and fire resistant fluids)

Design letter

Porting adaptor

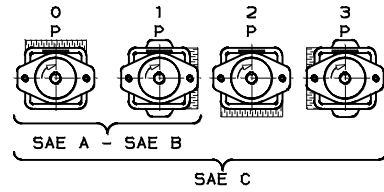
Coupling

1 = SAE A
 2 = SAE B
 3 = SAE BB
 4 = SAE C
 5 = SAE J498b
 16/32 - 11 teeth

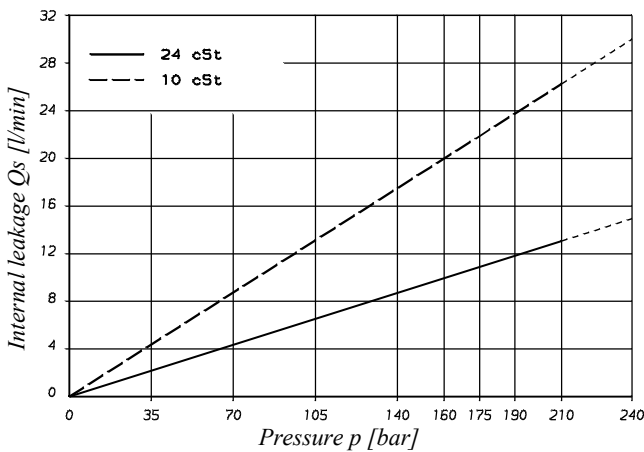
Adaptor

0 = None
 A = SAE A
 B = SAE B
 C = SAE C

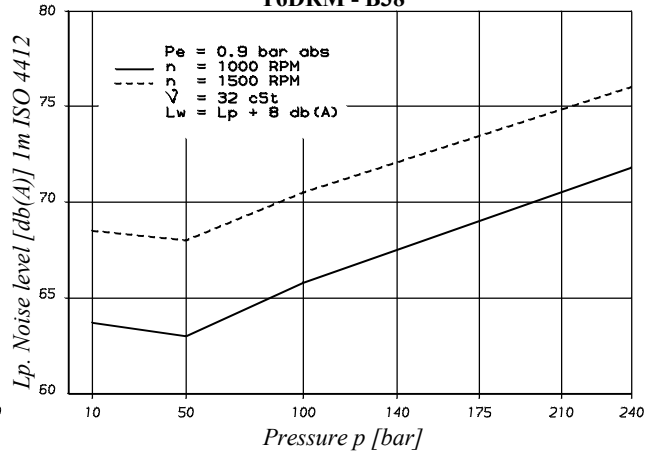
Porting adaptor



INTERNAL LEAKAGE (TYPICAL)

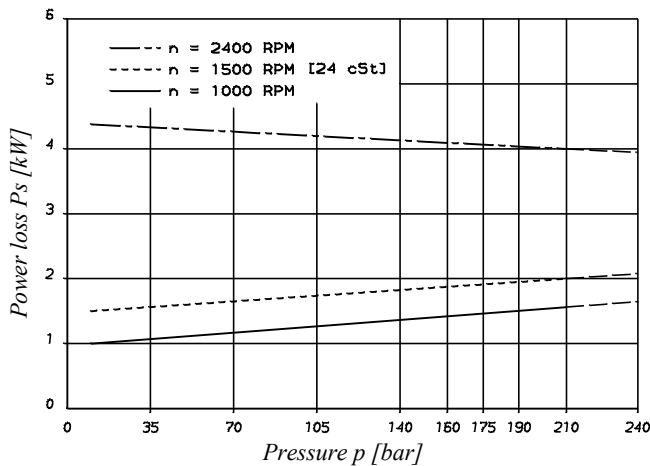


NOISE LEVEL (TYPICAL) T6DRM - B38

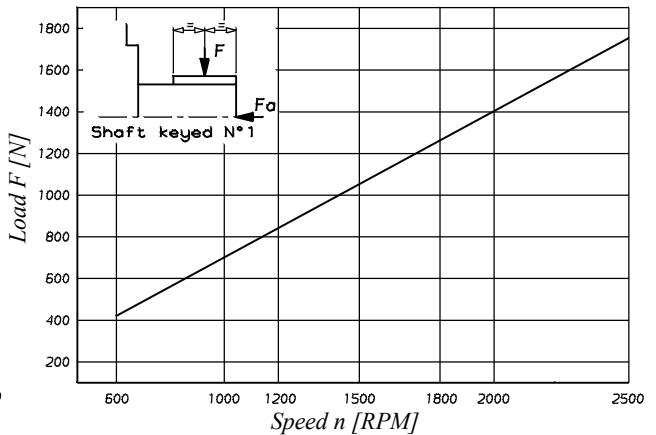


Do not operate the pump more than 5 seconds at any speed or viscosity if internal leakage is more than 50% of theoretical flow.

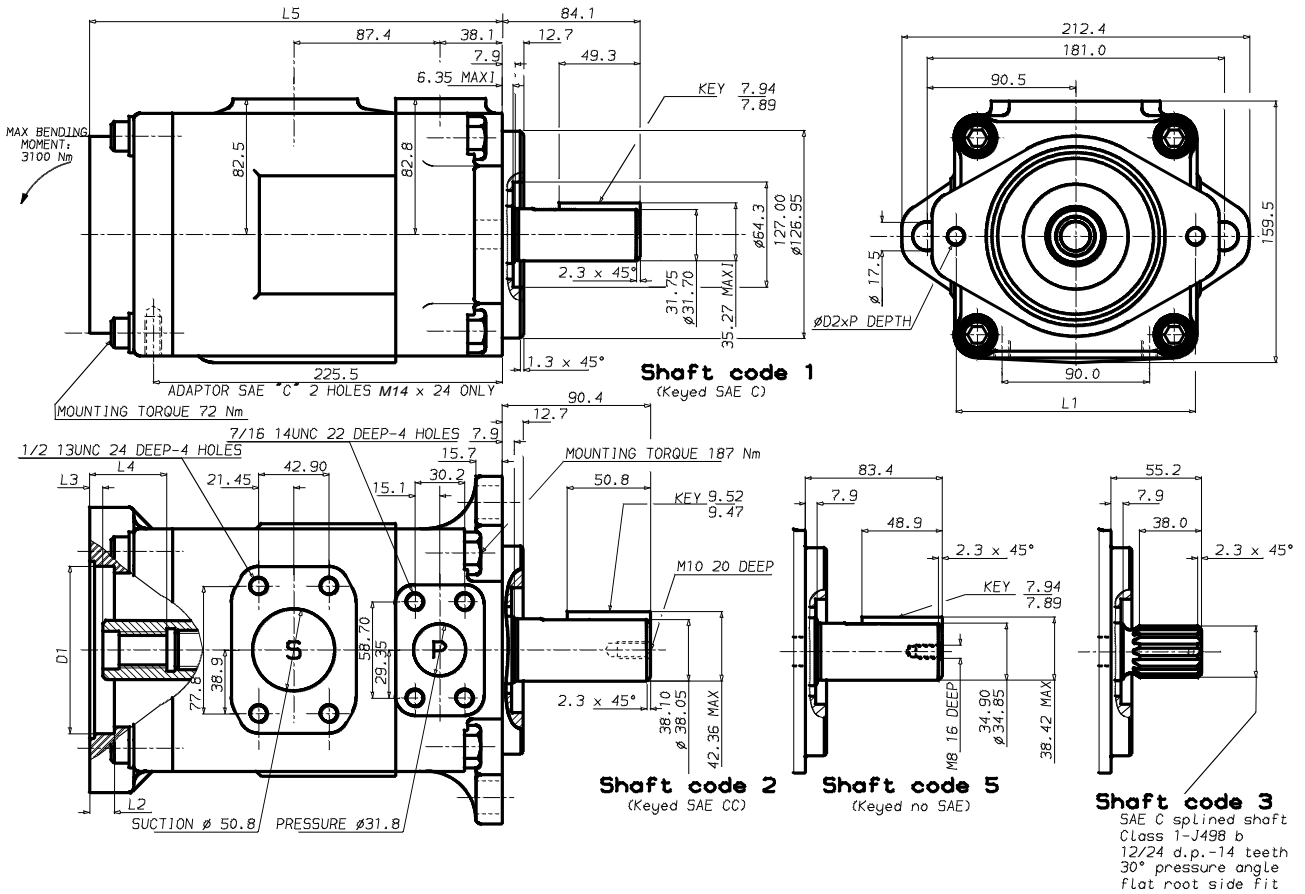
POWER LOSS HYDROMECHANICAL (TYPICAL)



PERMISSIBLE RADIAL LOAD



Maximum permissible axial load Fa = 1200 N



Adaptor	D1	D2	P	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
SAE A	82,65/82,60	M10	24	106,4	11,0	8,0	32,0	237,0
SAE B	101,70/101,65	M12	28	146,0	16,0	8,0	46,0	251,0
SAE C	127,10/127,05	M16	-	181,0	16,0	8,0	56,0	261,0

Adaptor	SAE A		SAE B		SAE C
Coupling drive	SAE A	SAE 11 teeth	SAE B	SAE B	SAE BB
Number of teeth	9	11	13	13	15
Pitch	16/32	16/32	16/32	16/32	12/24
Pressure angle	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°
Major dia. (min)	15,875	19,05	22,225	22,225	25,400
Minor dia. (min)	12,700	16,017	19,134	19,134	22,268

Shaft torque limits [ml/rev x bar]			
Shaft	V x p max.	Coupling drive	V x p max.
1	43240	SAE A	11000
2	66036	SAE B	20600
3	61200	SAE BB	32670
5	55600	SAE C	37390
		SAE - 11 teeth	15850

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [24 cSt]

Series	Volumetric Displacement Vp	Flow Q [l/min] & n = 1500 RPM			Input power P [kW] & n = 1500 RPM		
		p = 0 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar	p = 7 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar
B14	47,6 ml/rev	71,4	62,1	55,9	2,3	18,5	30,6
B17	58,2 ml/rev	87,3	78,0	71,8	2,5	22,2	37,0
B20	66,0 ml/rev	99,0	89,7	83,5	2,8	24,9	41,7
B24	79,5 ml/rev	119,3	110,0	103,8	3,0	29,6	49,8
B28	89,7 ml/rev	134,5	125,2	119,0	3,2	33,2	55,9
B31	98,3 ml/rev	147,4	138,1	131,9	3,3	36,2	61,0
B35	111,0 ml/rev	166,5	157,2	151,0	3,5	40,7	68,7
B38	120,3 ml/rev	180,4	171,1	164,9	3,7	43,9	74,3
B42 ¹⁾	136,0 ml/rev	204,0	194,7	188,5	4,0	49,4	83,7
B45 ¹⁾	145,7 ml/rev	218,5	209,2	203,0	4,1	52,8	89,5
B50 ¹⁾	158,0 ml/rev	237,0	227,7	224,0 ²⁾	4,4	57,0	85,0 ²⁾

1) B42 - B45 - B50 = 2200 R.P.M. max.

2) B50 = 210 bar max. int.

Port connection can be furnished with metric threads.

ORDERING CODE - T6ERM SERIES MOBILE APPLICATION

Model No.

T6ERM - 066 - 1 R 00 - A 1 0 - A 1 ..

Series

Cam ring

(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)

042 = 198,5 l/min 062 = 295,0 l/min

045 = 213,6 l/min 066 = 319,9 l/min

050 = 237,7 l/min 072 = 340,6 l/min

052 = 247,2 l/min

Type of shaft

1 = keyed (SAE CC)

3 = splined (SAE C)

4 = splined (SAE CC)

Direct. of rotation (view on shaft end)

R = clockwise

L = counter-clockwise

Porting combination

Modification

Seal class

1 = S1 (for mineral oil)

4 = S4 (for the resistant fluids)

5 = S5 (for mineral oil and fire resistant fluids)

Design letter

Porting adaptor

Coupling

1 = SAE A

2 = SAE B

3 = SAE BB

Adaptor

0 = None

A = SAE A

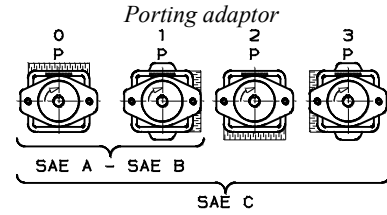
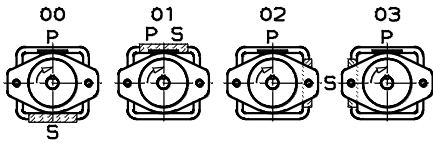
4 = SAE C

5 = SAE J498b

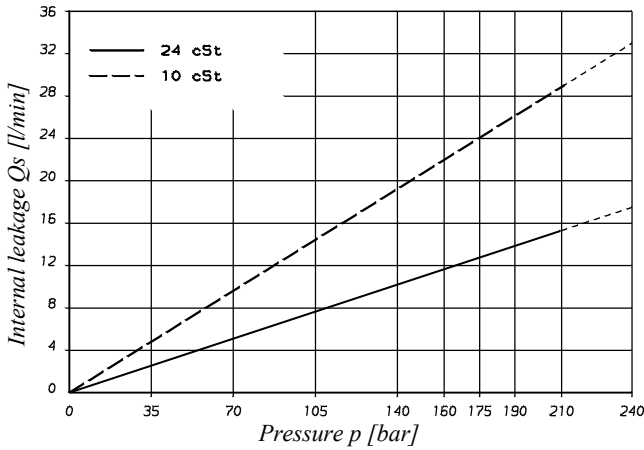
16/32 - 11 teeth

B = SAE B

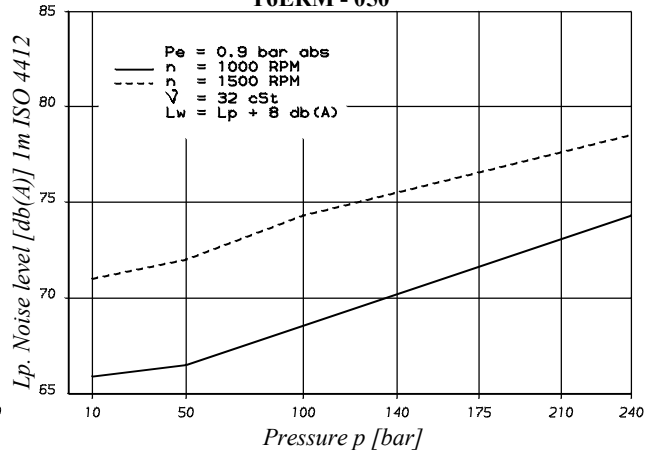
C = SAE C



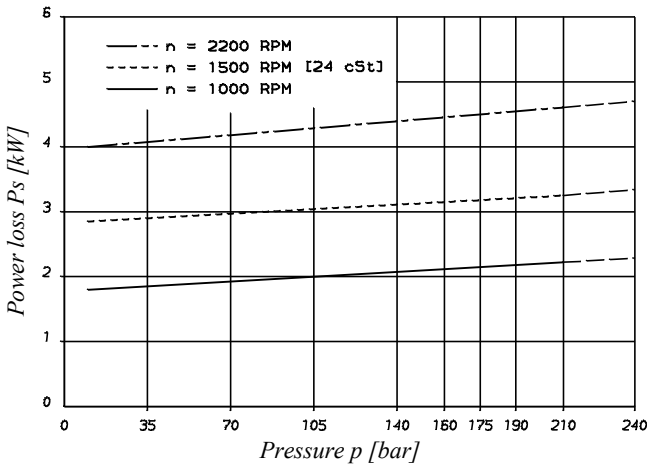
INTERNAL LEAKAGE (TYPICAL)



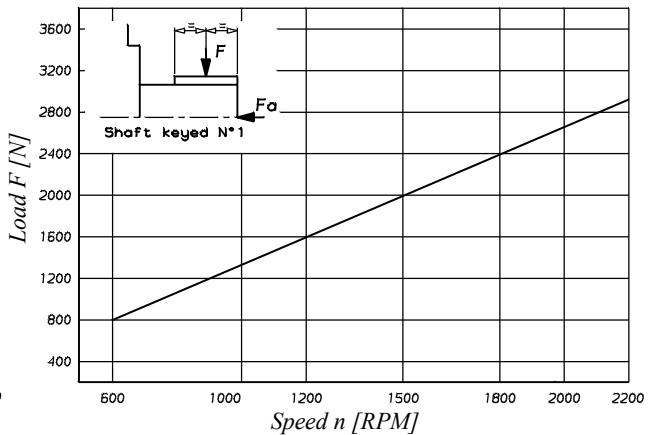
NOISE LEVEL (TYPICAL) T6ERM - 050



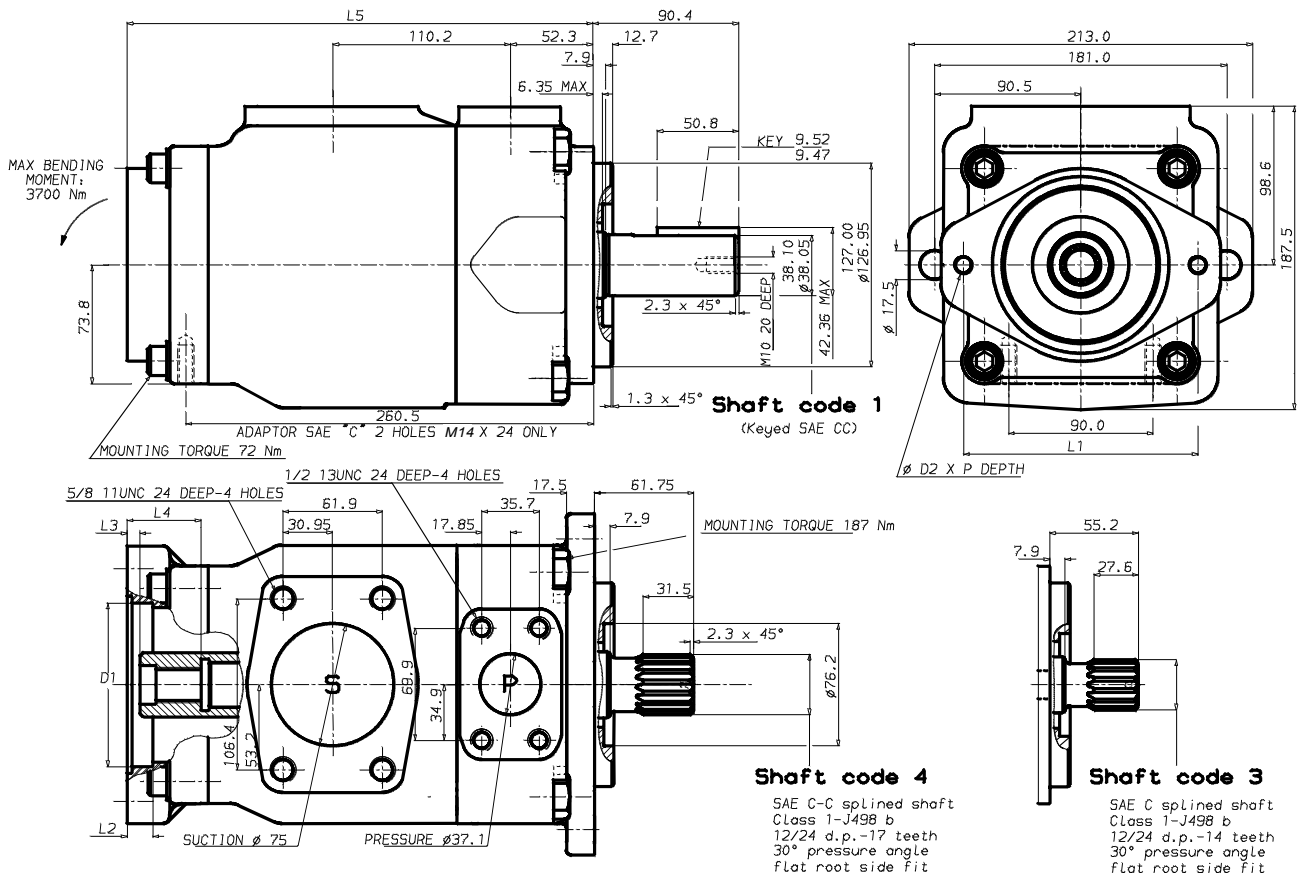
POWER LOSS HYDROMECHANICAL (TYPICAL)



PERMISSIBLE RADIAL LOAD



Maximum permissible axial load Fa = 2000 N



Adaptor	D1	D2	P	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
SAE A	82,65/82,60	M10	24	106,4	11,0	8,0	32,0	272,0
SAE B	101,70/101,65	M12	28	146,0	16,0	8,0	46,0	286,0
SAE C	127,10/127,05	M16	-	181,0	16,0	8,0	56,0	296,0

Adaptor	SAE A			SAE B		SAE C
Coupling drive	SAE A	SAE 11 teeth	SAE B	SAE B	SAE BB	SAE C
Number of teeth	9	11	13	13	15	14
Pitch	16/32	16/32	16/32	16/32	16/32	12/24
Pressure angle	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°
Major dia. (min)	15,875	19,05	22,225	22,225	25,400	31,750
Minor dia. (min)	12,700	16,017	19,134	19,134	22,268	27,589

Shaft torque limits [ml/rev x bar]			
Shaft	V x p max.	Coupling drive	V x p max.
1	80560	SAE A	11000
3	61200	SAE B	20600
4	120210	SAE BB	32670
		SAE C	66480
		SAE - 11 teeth	15850

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [24 cSt]

Series	Volumetric Displacement Vp	Flow Q [l/min] & n = 1500 RPM			Input power P [kW] & n = 1500 RPM		
		p = 0 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar	p = 7 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar
042	132,3 ml/rev	198,5	188,5	181,3	5,2	49,4	82,6
045	142,4 ml/rev	213,6	203,6	196,5	5,4	52,9	88,7
050	158,5 ml/rev	237,7	227,7	220,6	5,7	58,5	98,3
052	164,8 ml/rev	247,2	237,2	230,1	5,8	60,8	102,1
062	196,7 ml/rev	295,0	285,0	277,9	6,4	71,9	121,3
066	213,3 ml/rev	319,9	309,9	302,8	6,7	77,7	131,2
072	227,1 ml/rev	340,6	330,6	323,5	6,9	82,6	139,5

Port connection can be furnished with metric threads.

Ass'y Tandem VV - ..

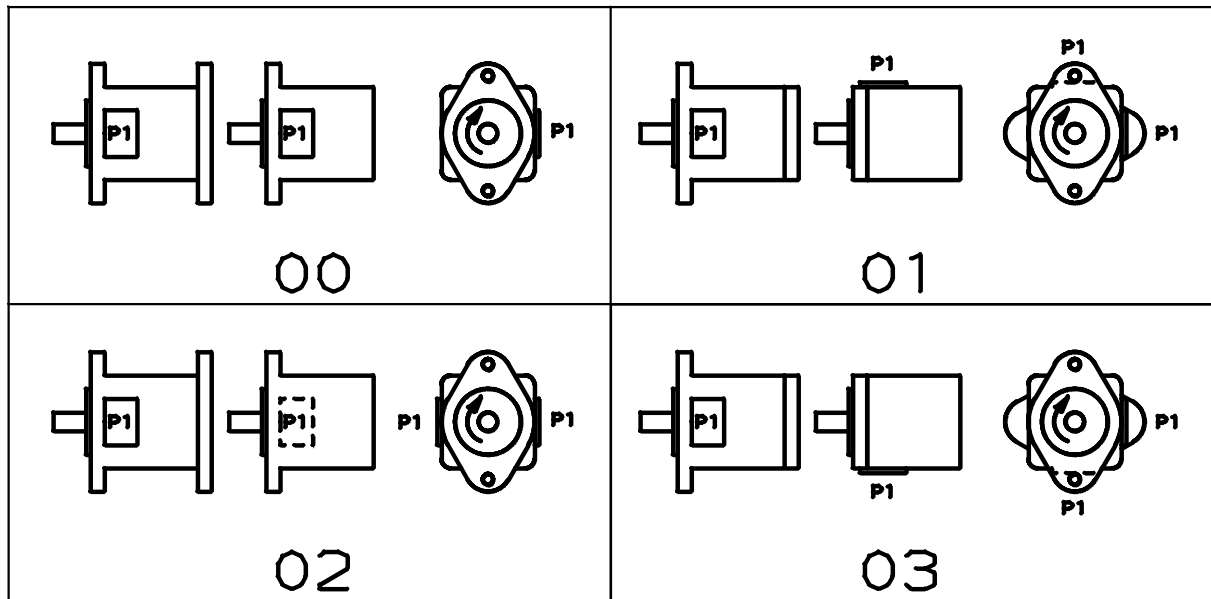
VV = Vane pump + vane pump	Porting combination
VP = Vane pump + Piston pump (PV)	00
VG = Vane pump + Gear pump (GP)	01
VH = Vane pump + Hybrid pump (T6H*)	02
	03

Assembly screws

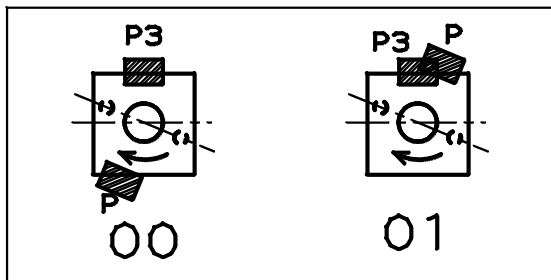
- SAE A rear mounting adaptor : 2 screws M10 x 30 (Mounting torque = 49 Nm.)
- SAE B rear mounting adaptor : 2 screws M12 x 35 (Mounting torque = 88 Nm.)
- SAE C rear mounting adaptor : 2 screws M16 x 40 (Mounting torque = 190 Nm.)

ASSEMBLY PORTING DEFINITION

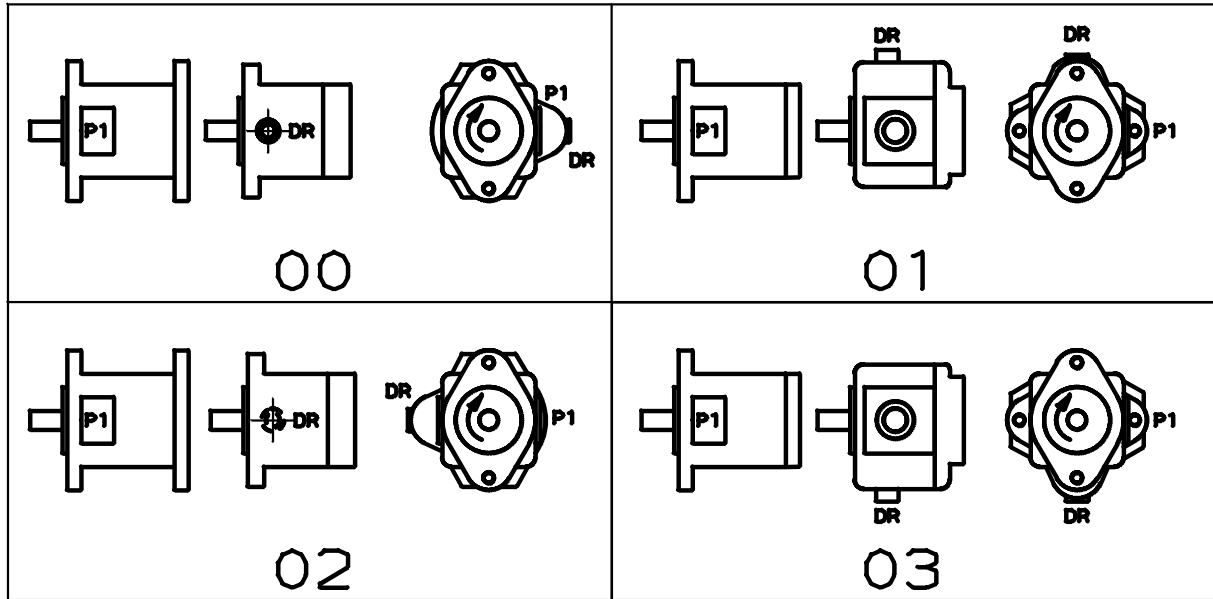
- VV type = Front single vane pump (view from shaft end).



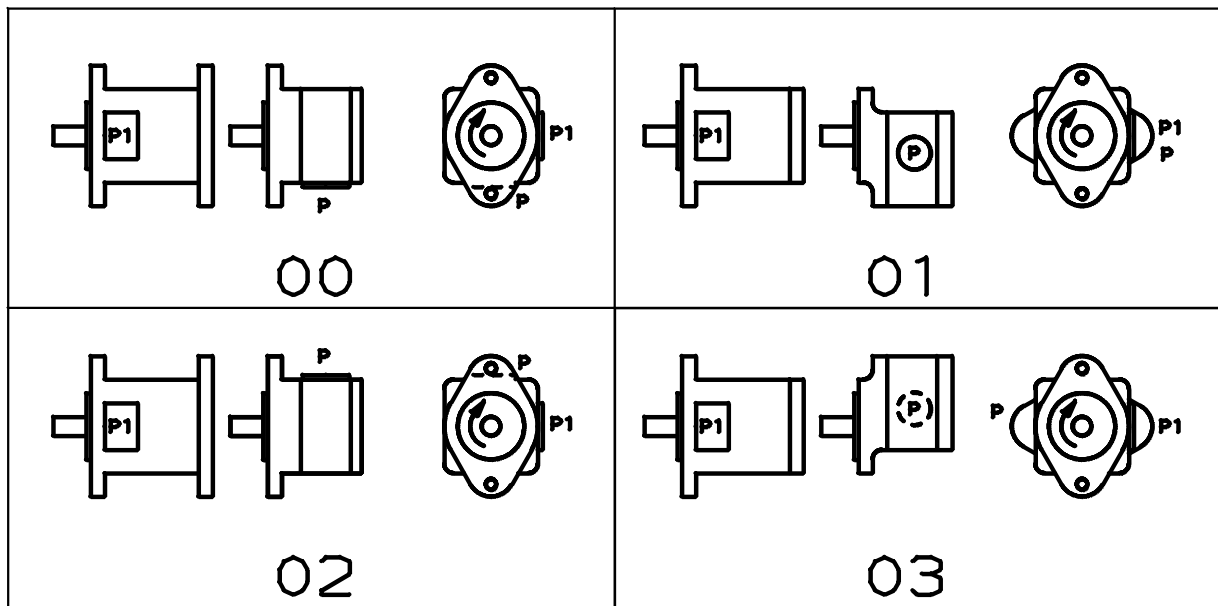
- VV type = For triple vane pump (view from shaft end).



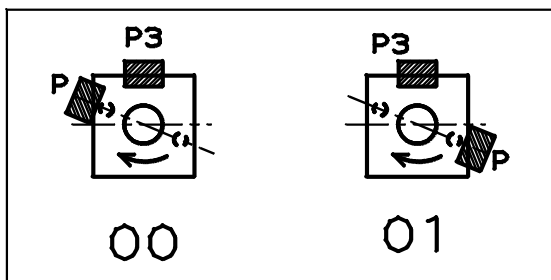
- VP & VH type = For the second pump the reference is the DR drain port on piston pump (view from shaft end).



- VG type = For single vane pump (view from shaft end).



- VG type = For triple vane pump (view from shaft end).

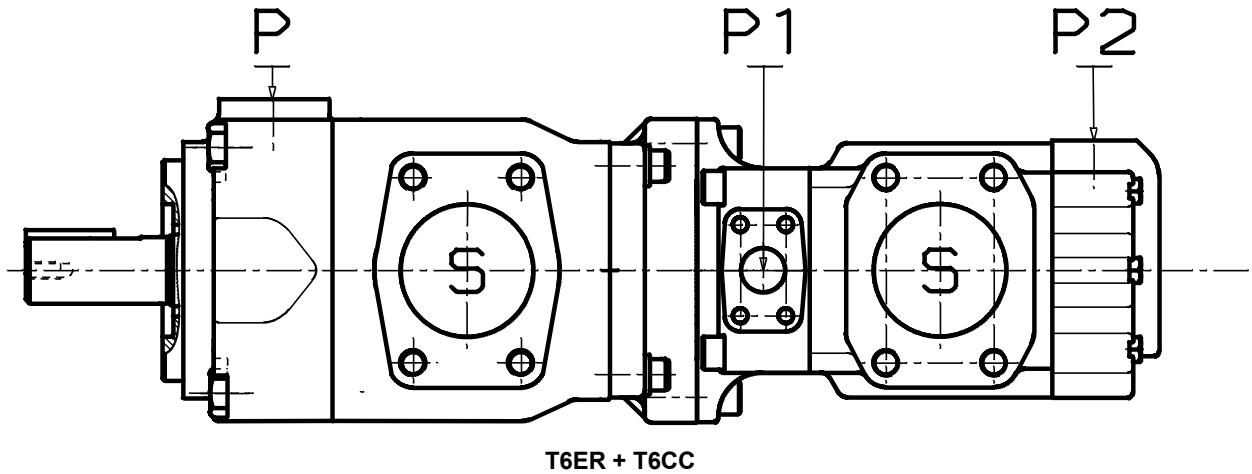


ADAPTOR & COUPLING SELECTION - T6*R SERIES INDUSTRIAL & MOBILE APPLICATIONS

Rear pump		Drive train vane pump			
		T6*R (single pumps)		T6***R (triple pumps)	
Serie	Shaft	Coupling	Adaptor	Coupling	Adaptor
T6C*	3	2	B	Not available	
T6CR*					
T6CSH	4	3	B		
T6CC*	3	3	B	Not available	
	5	2	B		
T6D*	3	4	C	Not available	
T6DR*					
T6DC*					
T6DCC*					
T6E*	3	4	C	Not available	
T6ER*					
T6EC*					
T6ED*					
TB	4	1	A	Available	
	3	5	A		
T7B	3	2	B	Not available	
	4	3	B		
T6H***	4	3	B	Not available	
PV6	1	2	A	Available with special coupling	
PV10	1	2	B	Not available	
PV15					
PV20	1	4	C	Not available	
PV29					
GP1D	3	1	A	Available	
GP2D	3	1	A	Available up to 12 cm ³ /rev.	
GP2A	3	1	A	Available	
GP3A	3	2	B	Not available	

For additional information on Piston or Gear pumps, see the specific bulletins.

EXAMPLE



- 1. Define front pump
T6ER - *** - 1 R 02 - B21 - A 1
- 2. Define rear pump
T6CC - *** - *** - 5 R 01 - C 100
- 3. Define mounting
Ass'y tandem VV03

